



# Accelerator Controls at KEK

## Mainly KEKB and Linac Evolution at Tsukuba Site

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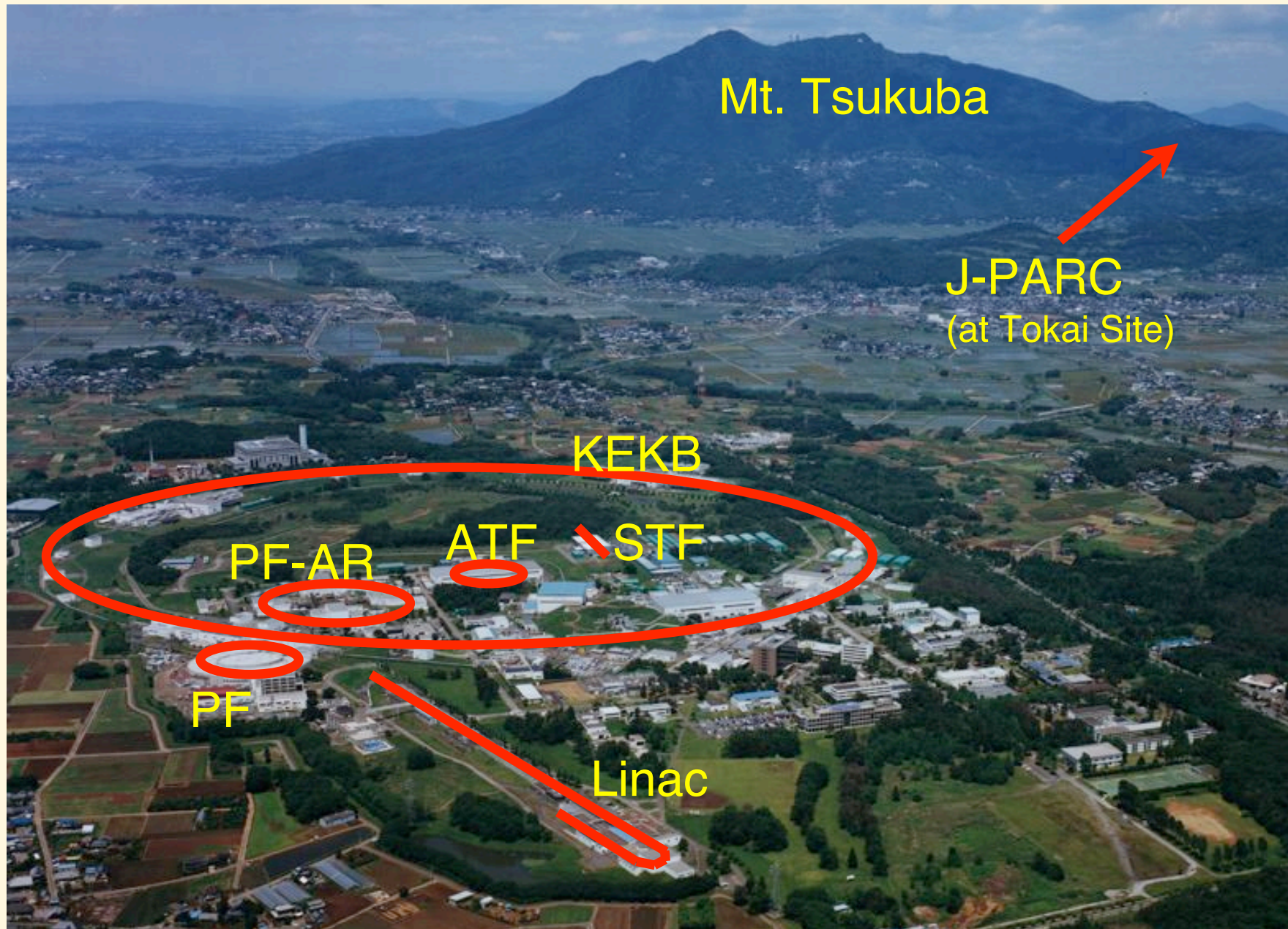


# ◆ Several aspects of Evolution of the Accelerator Controls at the KEK

- ❖ Communication Networks
- ❖ Equipment Controllers
- ❖ Gradual Approach to EPICS
- ❖ Scripting Languages

## ◆ Summary





# PF, PF-AR, ATF, STF

## ◆ PF-AR

- ❖ Mostly the same environment as KEKB
  - ✧ Still many CAMAC installations

## ◆ PF

- ❖ Moved to EPICS environment
  - ✧ Mainly with Linux-VME

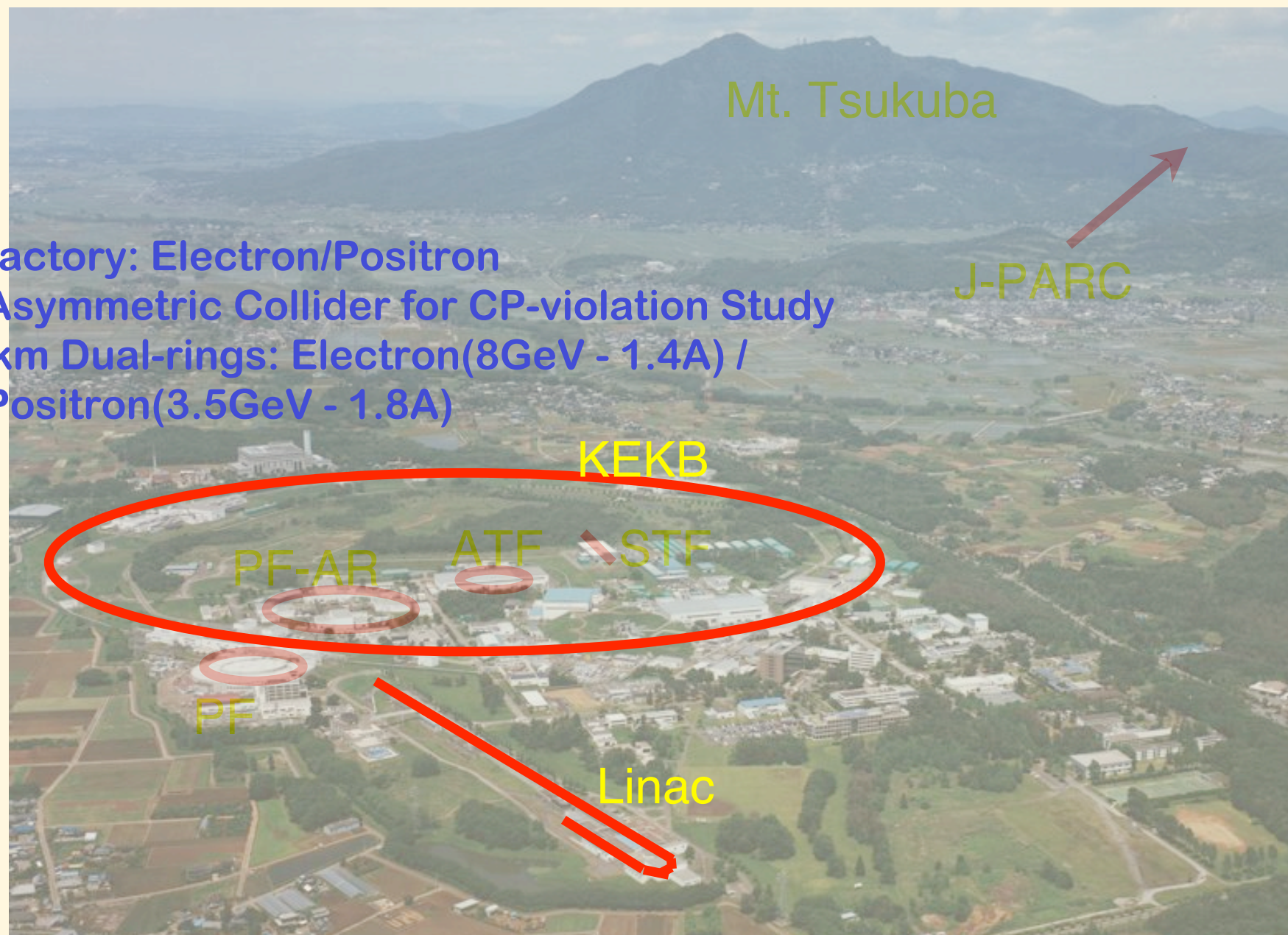
## ◆ ATF

- ❖ Vista environment with CAMAC
- ❖ Linux and socket environment

## ◆ STF

- ❖ Test accelerator for ILC
- ❖ Linux, ATCA test

**B-factory: Electron/Positron  
Asymmetric Collider for CP-violation Study  
~3km Dual-rings: Electron(8GeV - 1.4A) /  
Positron(3.5GeV - 1.8A)**



# KEKB and Linac

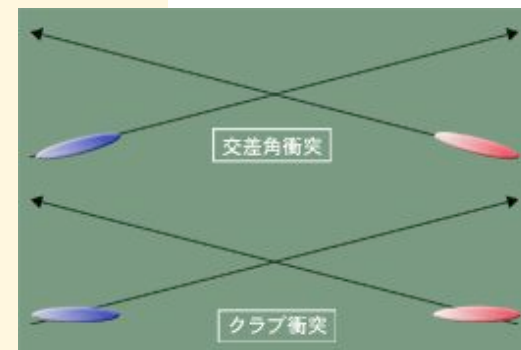
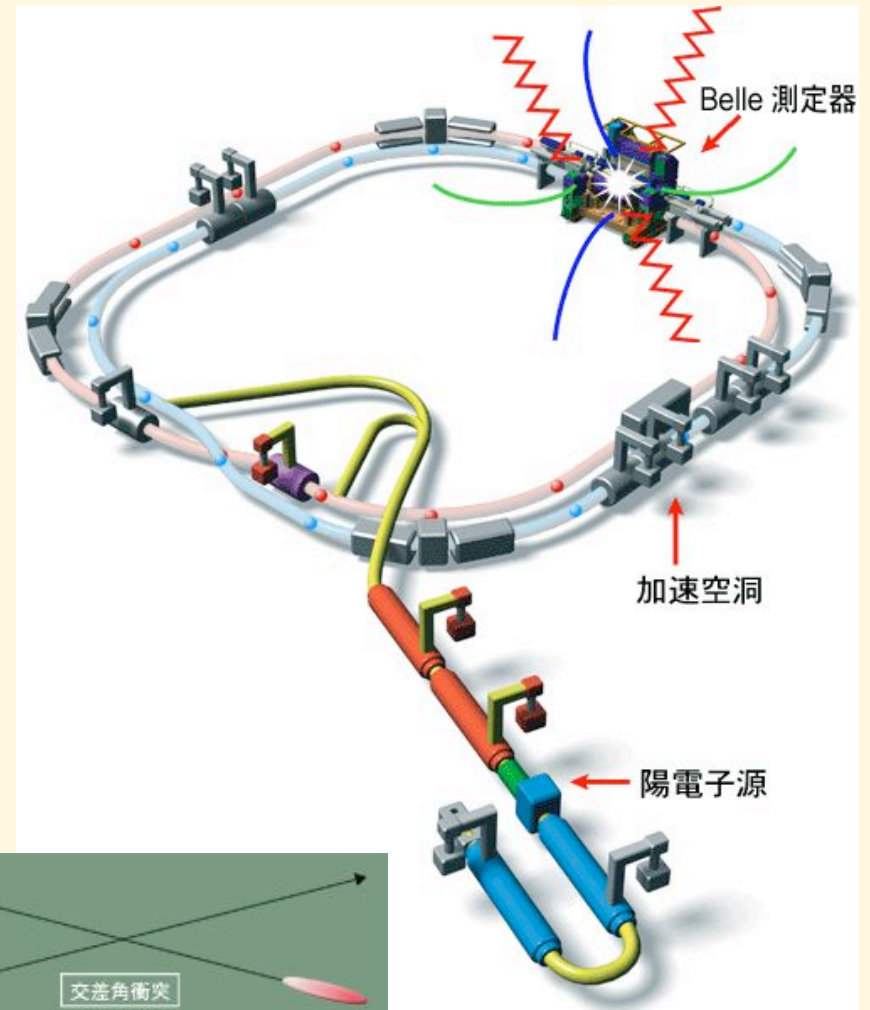
## ◆ KEKB B-factory: Electron/Positron Asymmetric Collider for CP-violation Study

❖ ~3km Dual-rings: Electron(8GeV - 1.4A) / Positron(3.5GeV - 1.8A)

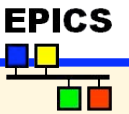
- ❖ Stable and Robust Operation
- ❖ Many Active Operation Parameters
- ❖ Importance of Controls

## ◆ Linac:

- ❖ ~600m, 50Hz
- ❖ 8GeV 2nC Electron, 3.5GeV 1.2nC Positron
- ❖ Beam switchings for PF and PF-AR rings



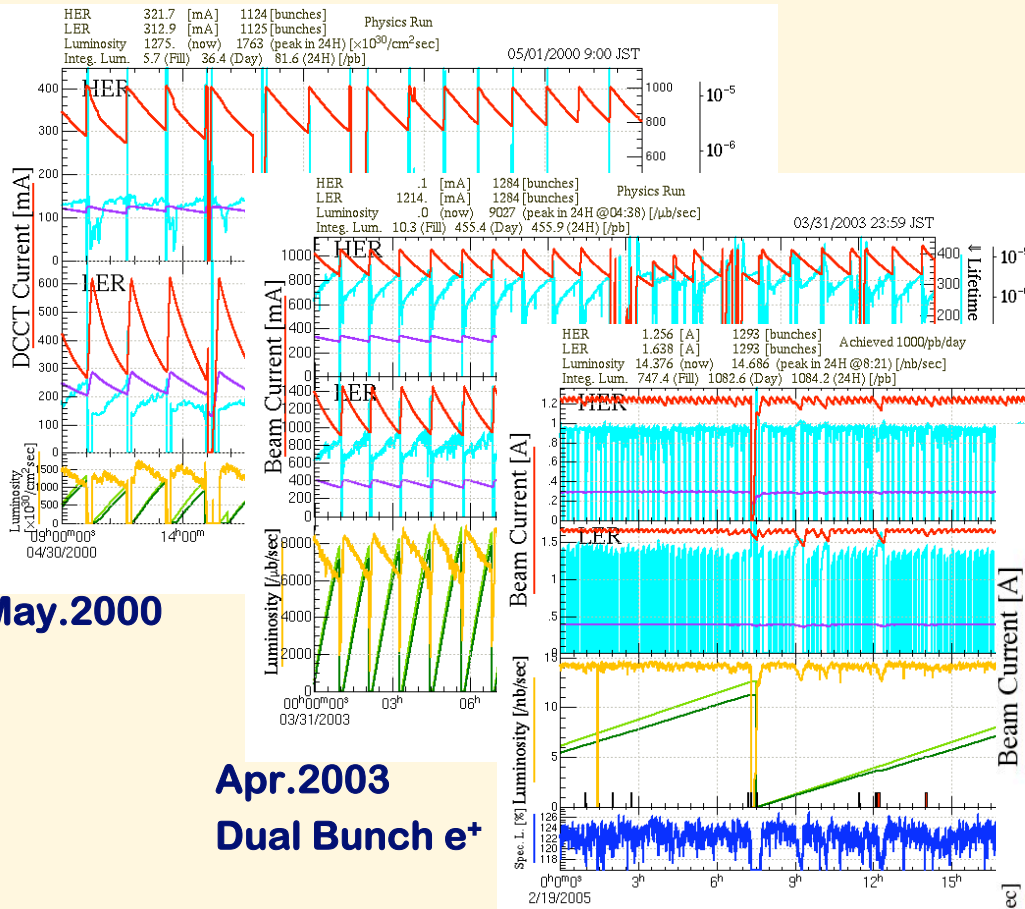
Increase of Luminosity with Crab Cavities



# Increase of the Luminosity

## percent by percent

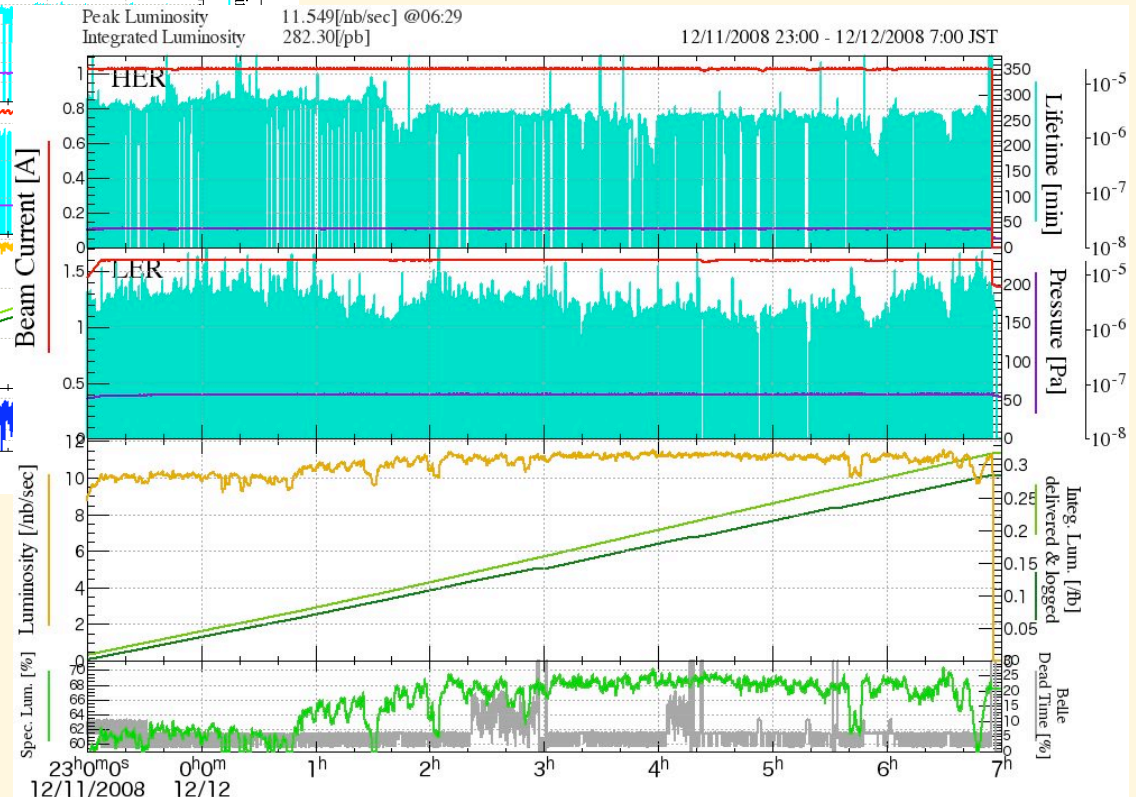
**Feb.2005  
Continuous  
Injections**



**May.2000**

**Apr.2003  
Dual Bunch e<sup>+</sup>**

**Now, Collision  
with Crab Cavities and  
with Quasi-simultaneous Injection**



# KEKB and Linac Control Systems

## ◆ Linac

### ❖ Controls Upgrade (1990~)1993

- ❏ De-facto (and International) Standards, IP-only Networks
- ❏ No long Shutdown for KEKB upgrade
- ❏ 3.5-times Energy increase, 10-times current increase

### ❖ Three indirect User Facilities (KEKB, PF, PF-AR)

### ❖ Fewer resources

## ◆ KEKB

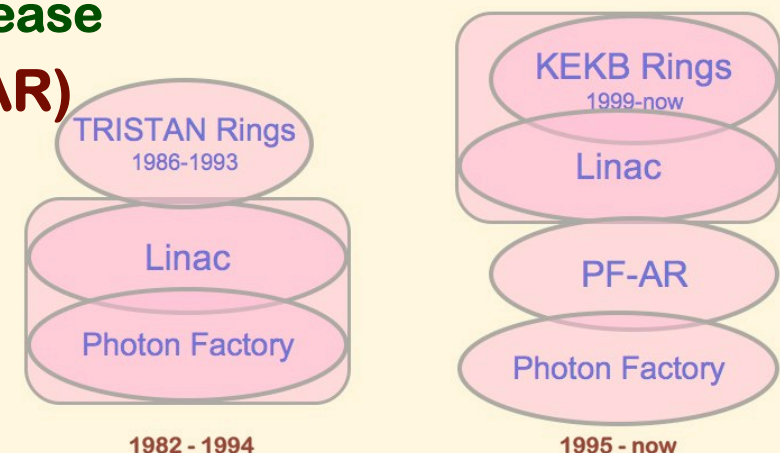
### ❖ 5-year Shutdown after TRISTAN 1994-1998

- ❏ Precision requirements were much different for KEKB

### ❖ Complete transition of Controls

- ❏ from Nodal at TRISTAN to EPICS+SAD at KEKB
- ❏ from Energy frontier to Luminosity frontier

### ❖ Basically Single-user (Belle)





# Communication Network at Linac

## ◆ Fiber-optic Networks (1982~)

- ✧ Because of High-power modulators for rf systems
- ✧ ~30 Loops to connect many equipment controllers
- ✧ However, the fiber-optic Technology was not mature enough yet
  - ◆ Often Failed and Loop Topology made it difficult to identify the trouble

## ◆ All IP network (1993~)

- ✧ Still all Fiber-optic
  - ✧ (Faster Ethernet enables shorter packets and less failures)
- ✧ Inherited at J-PARC Controls as well

## ◆ Gradual Transition of Technologies

- ✧ From FDDI + 10Base-FL to 1000Base-LX + 100Base-Fx

## ◆ Redundancy (1996~)

- ✧ At more than 40 Ethernet links
- ✧ Helped continuous operation in spite of a failure at night
  - ✧ Redundant Transceivers, then Rapid Spanning-tree and HSRP/VRRP

# Communication Network at KEKB

## ◆ TRISTAN

- ❖ **Token Ring and CAMAC Serial highways**
  - ✧ Token ring between mini-computers
  - ✧ CAMAC serial highways to equipment controllers

## ◆ KEKB

- ❖ **IP Network for EPICS**
  - ✧ FDDI+10BaseT to GbE+100Base-Tx
    - ◆ Sometimes unnecessary excess broadcast
- ❖ **ARCNet for equipment controllers**
  - ✧ More than 200 network segments
- ❖ **MXI-2 for VXI-based frames**
  - ✧ 20 segments
- ❖ **Keep some CAMAC Serial highways**
  - ✧ About 50 Crates



# Equipment Controllers at Linac

## ◆ 1982~(1997) (1st generation)

- ❖ 300 microprocessor-based controllers
  - ✧ Linked together with home-grown fiber-optic network

## ◆ 1993~now (upgrade of controls)

- ❖ 150 PLCs (programmable logic controller)
  - ✧ Linked via only Fiber-optic Ethernet/IP
    - ◆ Control communication with servers and program development

## ◆ 1995~now (upgrade for KEKB)

- ✧ Direct Fiber-optic Ethernet/IP to each Controllers
- ❖ 30 VXI for rf measurement
- ❖ 7 VME / 10 CAMAC for Timing (will retire soon)
- ❖ 20 VME for Beam monitors (will retire soon)

## ◆ 2007~ (upgrade for 50Hz beam switching)

- ❖ 13 (increasing) VME for “event” handling, timing, Hrf controls, etc.
- ❖ 24 Oscilloscopes with WindowsXP IOC for 100 BPMs

✧ 10Gs/s, 50Hz acquisition, local processing with 20 calibration parameter/BPM





# Equipment Controllers at KEKB

## ◆ TRISTAN

### ❖ Mostly CAMAC

✧ Equipment group responsibility: CAMAC module and outside

## ◆ KEKB

❖ 100 VME/IOC without Analog processing

❖ 200 VXI/MXI mainframes for 900 BPMs

❖ 50 CAMAC crates are kept for rf and vacuum

❖ ARCNet boards for Magnet ps. settings, and others

❖ GPIB for Magnet ps. readback, and others

❖ PLCs for Magnet interlocks, and others





# EPICS Transition at Linac

- ◆ **Home-grown RPC at Linac (1990~/1993~)**
  - ❖ **Bad timing but no choice because of end of old mini-computer support**
- ◆ **No real transition to EPICS yet at Linac**
  - ❖ **There are middleware and applications**
- ◆ **LynxOS Transition was developed (1994~1996)**
  - ❖ **To cover both RPC and EPICS with pthread, posix**
    - ✧ **Mostly working, Failed to get funding for Hardware/Software upgrade**
- ◆ **Gateways to EPICS in several ways**
  - ❖ **Software-only IOC and Gateway (Clients to both RPC/CA)**
  - ❖ **Portable Channel Access Server of EPICS-3.12 (1995~)**
  - ❖ **Soft-IOC with device support to Linac RPC (2002~)**
- ◆ **Real IOCs are increasing**
  - ❖ **PLC(rf,vacuum,magnet) and Linux, Oscilloscope(bpm) with Windows, VME(IIrf and timing)**
  - ❖ **RPC servers read EPICS IOCs, EPICS gateways read RPC servers**





# EPICS Transition at KEKB

- ◆ **Some candidates discussed after Nodal at TRISTAN**
  - ❖ **RPC/CORBA based control design**
  - ❖ **Reflective memory (hardware shared memory) design**
- ◆ **No other choice than EPICS for KEKB**
  - ❖ **No man-power for control system software**
  - ❖ **The choice at SSC**
  - ❖ **International collaboration was attractive**





# Archiver/Logger

## ◆ Linac

- ❖ Several archivers with different filters and stored in ascii
- ❖ Replaced with two EPICS archivers (2002)
  - ✧ Channel archiver, with Java viewer, and Web-based viewer
  - ✧ KEKBlog, SADscript-based viewer
    - ◆ Both ~500MB/day, Dynamic ADEL changes

## ◆ KEKB

- ❖ KEKBlog, since 1998
  - ✧ Once there was a plan to replace it with Channel Archiver
    - ◆ Data conversion, no much performance difference
  - ✧ Only ADEL-based filter
    - ◆ ~4GB/day
  - ✧ SADscript-based viewer is one of the most-used applications
    - ◆ With Data analysis capability, easy manipulations



# Scripting Languages

## ◆ Heavy use because of rapid prototyping

## ◆ Linac

- ❖ (1992~) Tcl/Tk as Test tools on Unix
- ❖ (1997~) Tcl/Tk as Main Operator Programming Tool
- ❖ (Now) Mixture of Tcl/Tk, SADscript/Tk, Python/Tk
  - ✧ SADscript has most accelerator design capability
    - ◆ Covers many features like MATLAB, Mathematica, XAL, MAD

## ◆ KEKB

- ✧ (Nodal interpreter and Fortran covered everything at TRISTAN)
- ❖ Python covers many areas which is not covered by medm
- ❖ SADscript is used by operators and physicists everyday
  - ✧ Realization of novel ideas in hours
    - ◆ Only some ideas are effective, so rapid prototyping is important



# SADScript

## ◆ Accelerator Modeling Environment

- ❖ MAD-like Environment was created during TRISTAN
- ❖ Needs for Conditionals, Flow-controls, Data manipulations, Plot, GUI

## ◆ Mathematica-like Language

- ❖ Not Real Symbolic Manipulation (Thus fast)
- ❖ Data Processing (Fit, FFT, ...), List Processing (Mathematica-like)
- ❖ EPICS CA (Synchronous and Asynchronous)  
CaRead/CaWrite[ ], CaMonitor[ ], etc.

## ❖ Tk Widget

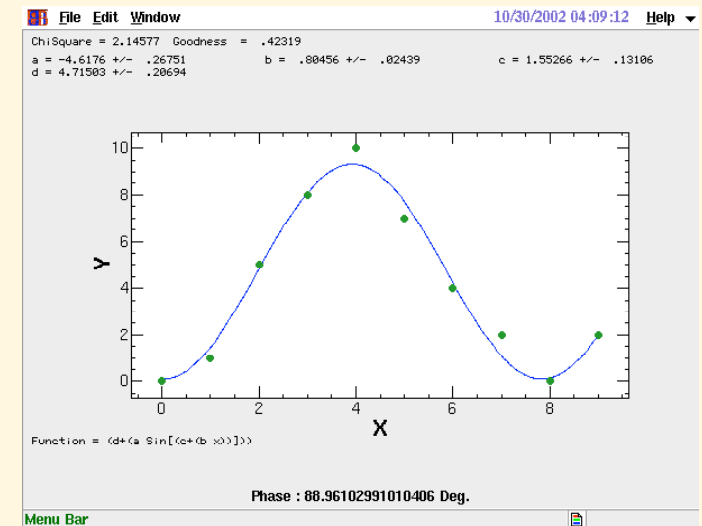
- ❖ Canvas Draw and “Plot”
- ❖ KFrame on top of Tk
- ❖ Greek Letters

## ❖ Relational Database

- ❖ Inter-Process Communication (Exec, Pipe, etc)  
System[ ], OpenRead/Write[ ], BidirectionalPipe[ ], etc.

## ❖ Beam Operation with Full Accelerator Modeling Capability

- ❖ Also Used for non-Accelerator Applications (Archiver viewer, Alarm handler, etc.)
- ❖ Comparable to XAL, MATLAB, but very different architecture

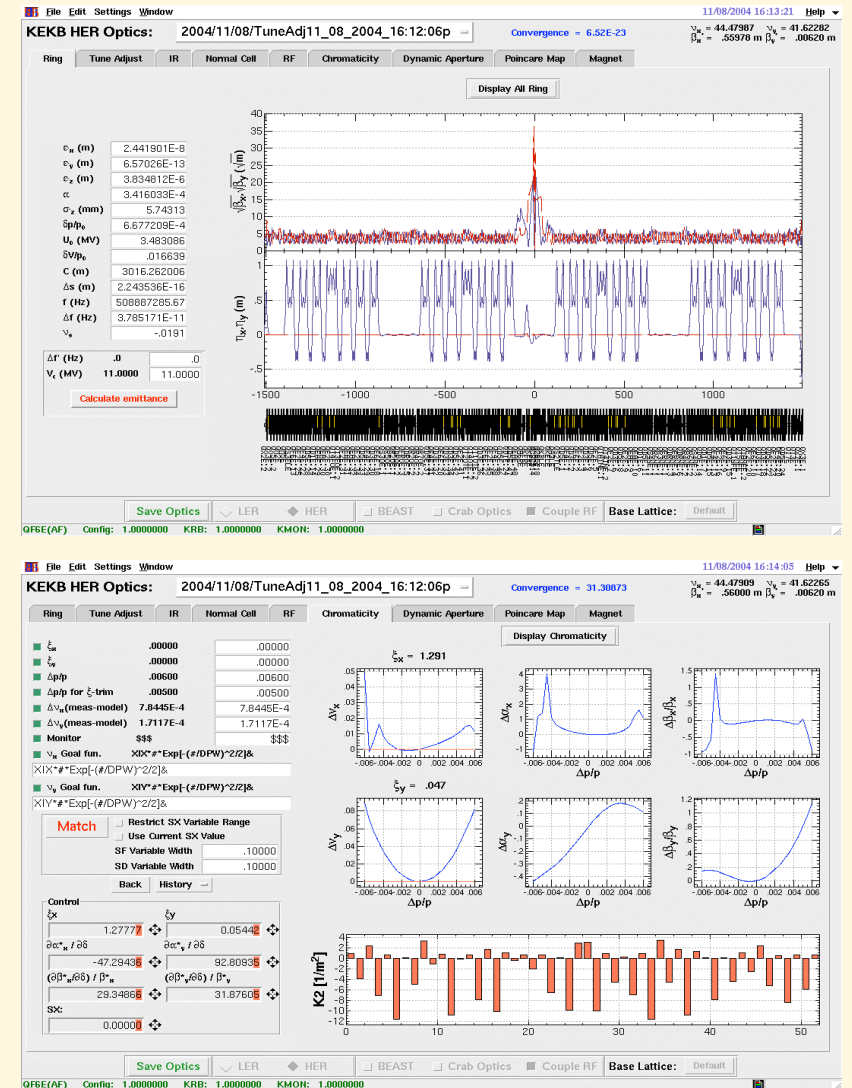
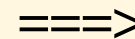
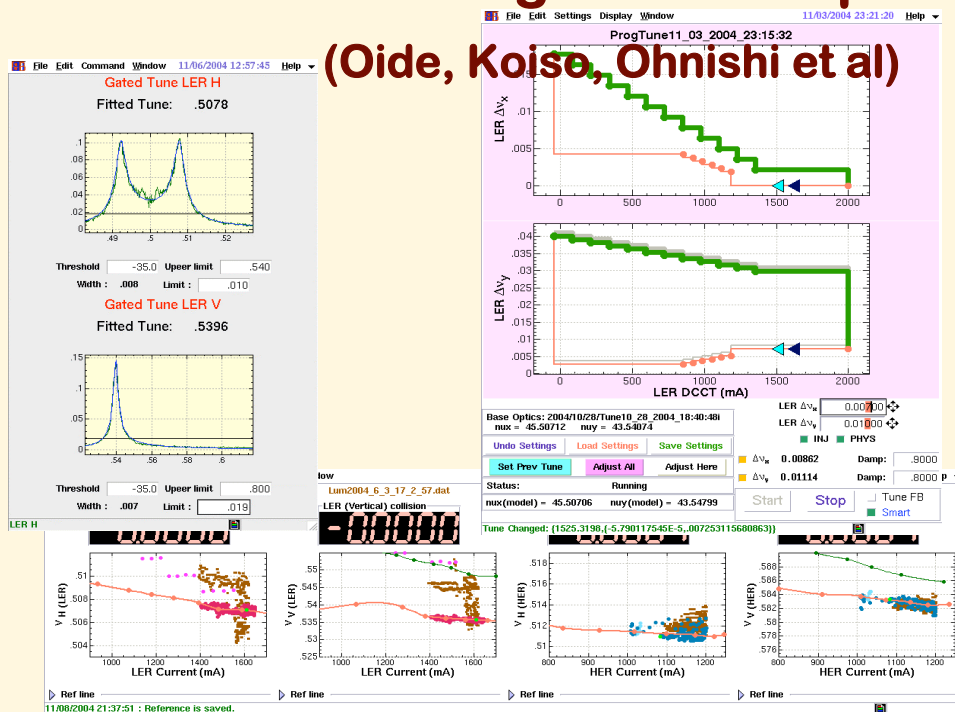


# Virtual Accelerator in SADscript

## ◆ For Example in KEKB

- ❖ most Beam Optics Condition is maintained in the Optics Panel
- ❖ Other Panels Manipulate Parameters Communicating with the Optics Panel

(Oide, Koiso, Ohnishi et al)



## Tune Measurement/Changer

## Optics Panels

# Recent Improvements

- ◆ **PLCs with Embedded EPICS (Linux)**
  - ❖ from Ethernet-only to Channel-Access-only
- ◆ **Event system introduction**
  - ❖ Single fiber to distribute synchronized, 10ps timing, 50Hz interrupts, data, etc
- ◆ **EPICS-embedded Oscilloscopes (Windows)**
- ◆ **FPGA-based EPICS-embedded controllers (Linux)**
- ◆ **Zlog operation log improvements**
  - ❖ Used also at J-PARC, RIKEN, and BINP
- ◆ **Reliability improvement studies**
  - ❖ Redundant IOC, ATCA and EPICS, Test systems

# KEKB & Linac

## ◆ Further Electron-Positron Collider Experiments at KEKB

- ◆ Contributed Nobel Prize to Kobayashi-Maskawa

### ❖ Maintenance Difficulties

- ✧ In Software and Hardware after 10-years of Operation
- ✧ Transition from CAMAC to PLC, etc.
- ✧ Transition to Newer versions of Software
  - ◆ After Stable Usage of VxWorks-5.3.1, EPICS-3.13.1.

### ❖ Still Intensive Use of Scripting Languages

- ✧ SAD-script, Python, Tcl.

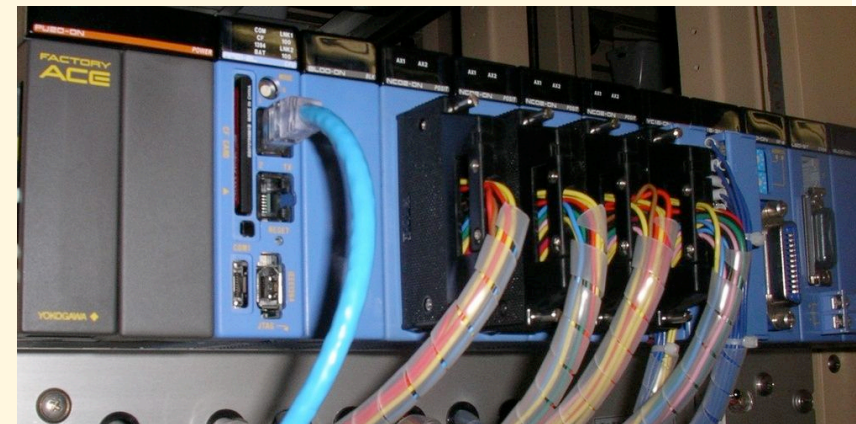
### ❖ Zlog operation log improvements

- ✧ Used also at RIKEN, J-PARC, and BINP

### ❖ Adding New Devices

- ✧ For Improved Machine Performance
- ✧ New Hardware like Linux-embedded PLC Controller (F3RP61) for Beam-mask, Pulsed-quad, etc.
  - ◆ EPICS-3.14.9, Linux-2.6, Procserv, Pcomon, Asyn

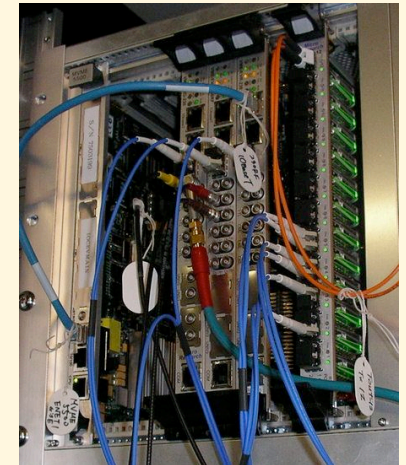
## PLC with Embedded Linux/EPICS



# Linac & PF & KEKB

## ◆ Simultaneous Continuous Injection to PF, KEKB-HER and KEKB-LER

- ❖ **50Hz Beam Pulses are Shared between 3 Rings**
  - ✧ With very different Beam Properties, in Energy, Charge, etc.
- ❖ **50Hz Beam Instrumentation (Beam Position Monitor)**
  - ✧ Only Passive Components other than Oscilloscope (Tek-DPO7104)
    - ◆ Windows-embedded (3GHz Intel), EPICS-3.14.9, VC++
  - ✧ One Oscilloscope reads 2-5 BPMs, 24 Oscilloscopes Installed
    - ◆ Synchronized 100-BPM Read-out
- ❖ **Intruduction of Event System, EVG230-EVR230RF from MRF**
  - ✧ 10 EVR's Installed, 1/3 of Old Timing Stations Replaced
    - ◆ VxWorks-5.5.1, EPICS-3.14.9, (Gave-up with RTEMS)
  - ✧ Event drives Low-level RF in VME, BPM Oscilloscopes over Network
  - ✧ Gun Parameters, Pulsed Magnets, Kickers, etc are Controlled 50Hz
  - ✧ Beam Pattern Rules on Client Script, can be Downloaded every second
- ❖ **More Development Needed**
  - ✧ Flavoured Beam Feedback Systems
  - ✧ Event System Integrity Monitor



**EVG & Timing**



**EVR & LLRF**

# (previous) PLC usage at KEK

## ◆ At Linac

- ❖ We enforced that all the controllers should be connected over IP/Ethernet
- ❖ PLC was much cost-effective compared with VME
  - ✧ if the speed requirement allows
- ❖ Products from OMRON, Mitsubishi, Yokogawa were installed
  - ✧ Only Yokogawa (FAM3) increased, because maintenance capability over network was better
    - ◆ Ladder software downloadable over IP/Ethernet
    - ◆ (Recently Mitsubishi also added that feature)
- ❖ 150 PLCs used at Linac for RF, Magnets, Vacuum, Safety, etc

## ◆ At J-PARC

- ❖ Many installations with the same reason as Linac

## ◆ At KEKB

- ❖ Used indirectly at many devices, over serial or GPIB links

# Software management

## ◆ Ideal at the beginning

- ❖ Separate software development at control group, at equipment group, or at industrial company
- ❖ Later, integration test IP/Ethernet

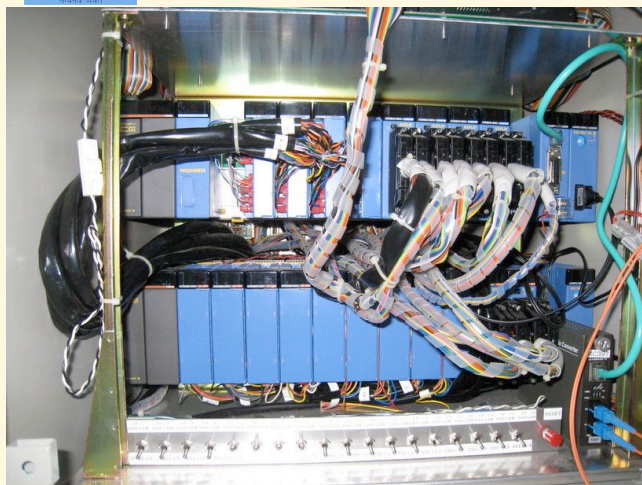
## ◆ Logic management

- ❖ Same logics could be placed at ladder software, in EPICS database/sequencer (or in high-level applications)

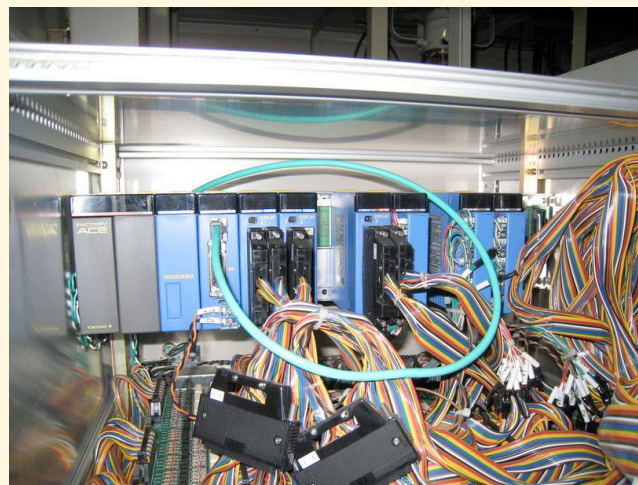
## ◆ Speed requirement

- ❖ Closed loop over Ethernet was slow, sometimes un-reliable
- ❖ Socket-based interrupts were possible, but complicated

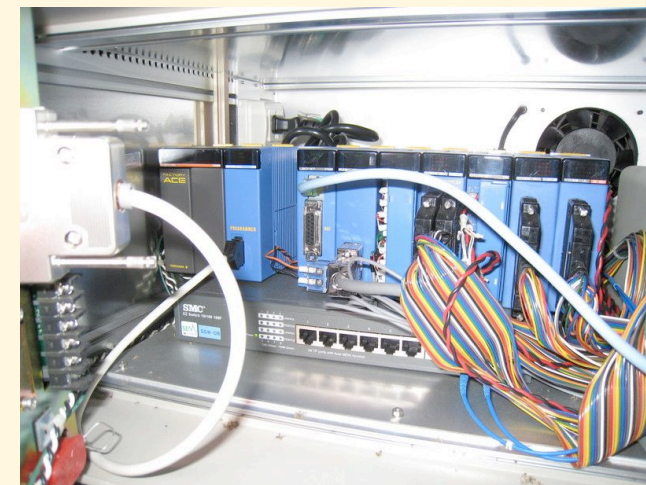
## ◆ Thus, hoped to run EPICS on PLC



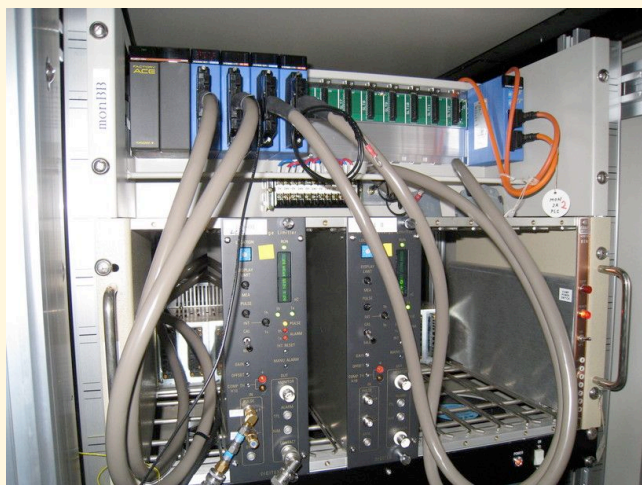
**Vacuum Controller Internal**



**Magnet Controller Internal**



**RF Controller Internal**



**Safety Controller**



**Touch Panel Display for RF**



# EPICS on PLC

## ◆ VxWorks was available on PLC (Yokogawa, Mitsubishi)

- ❖ We use VME for realtime performance with VxWorks
- ❖ License management of vxWorks ...

## ◆ Yokogawa starts to provide Linux (2.6) on PLC CPU

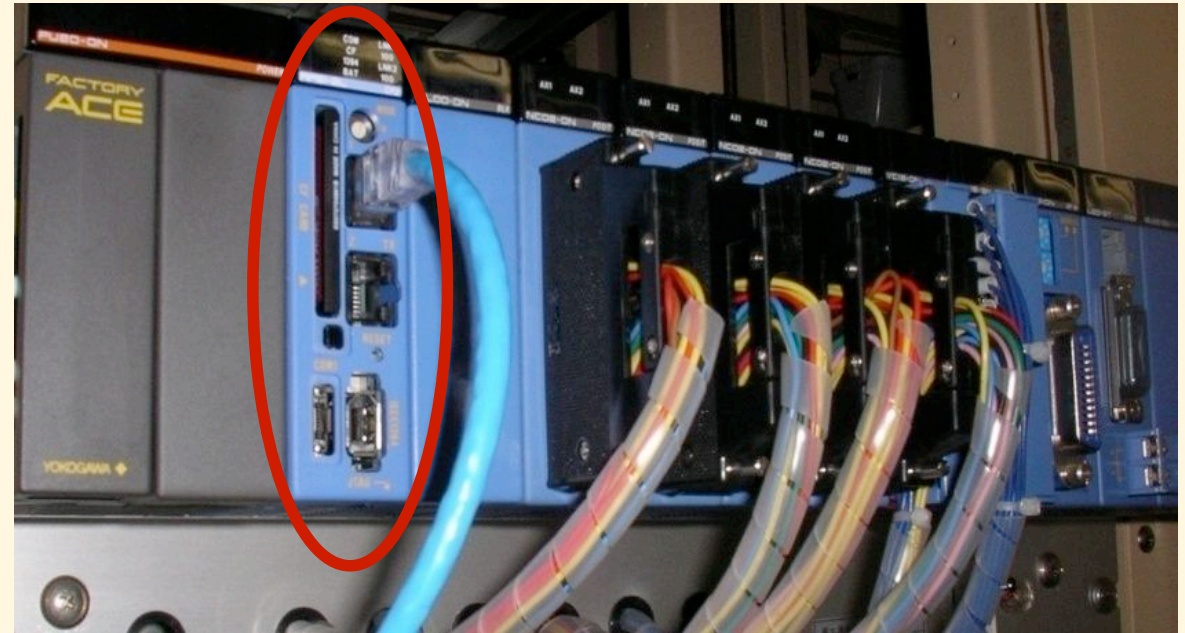
- ❖ Brave enough to choose open source environment
  - ✧ We negotiate with Yokogawa to remove any license issues
- ❖ Odagiri/KEK, Uchiyama/SHI, Yamada/KEK made much effort to realize the EPICS implementation
- ❖ Takuya-Nakamura/MSK tailored the environment for KEKB
  - ✧ Procserv, pcmon, NFS, ...

## ◆ Three of them are used in KEKB operation

- ❖ Beam mask controller and Pulsed-quad controller
- ❖ It already ran for three months without any troubles/stops

# F3RP61

**Linux 2.6.24**  
**PPC 533MHz**  
**128Mbyte RAM**  
**100BaseTx x 2**  
**USB**  
**IEEE1394**  
**Serial**  
**PCI**  
**I/O Bus for FAM3 Module Interface**  
**Software development environment**



**Beam mask controller**



# Event System

## ◆ Quasi-simultaneous Injection

- ❖ to KEKB-HER, KEKB-LER, and PF
- ❖ 2.5GeV to 8GeV, 0.1nC to 10nC

## ◆ Stable stored beam current at three rings

- ❖ Should improve collision tuning with Crab cavities
- ❖ Should improve the quality of experimental data at PF

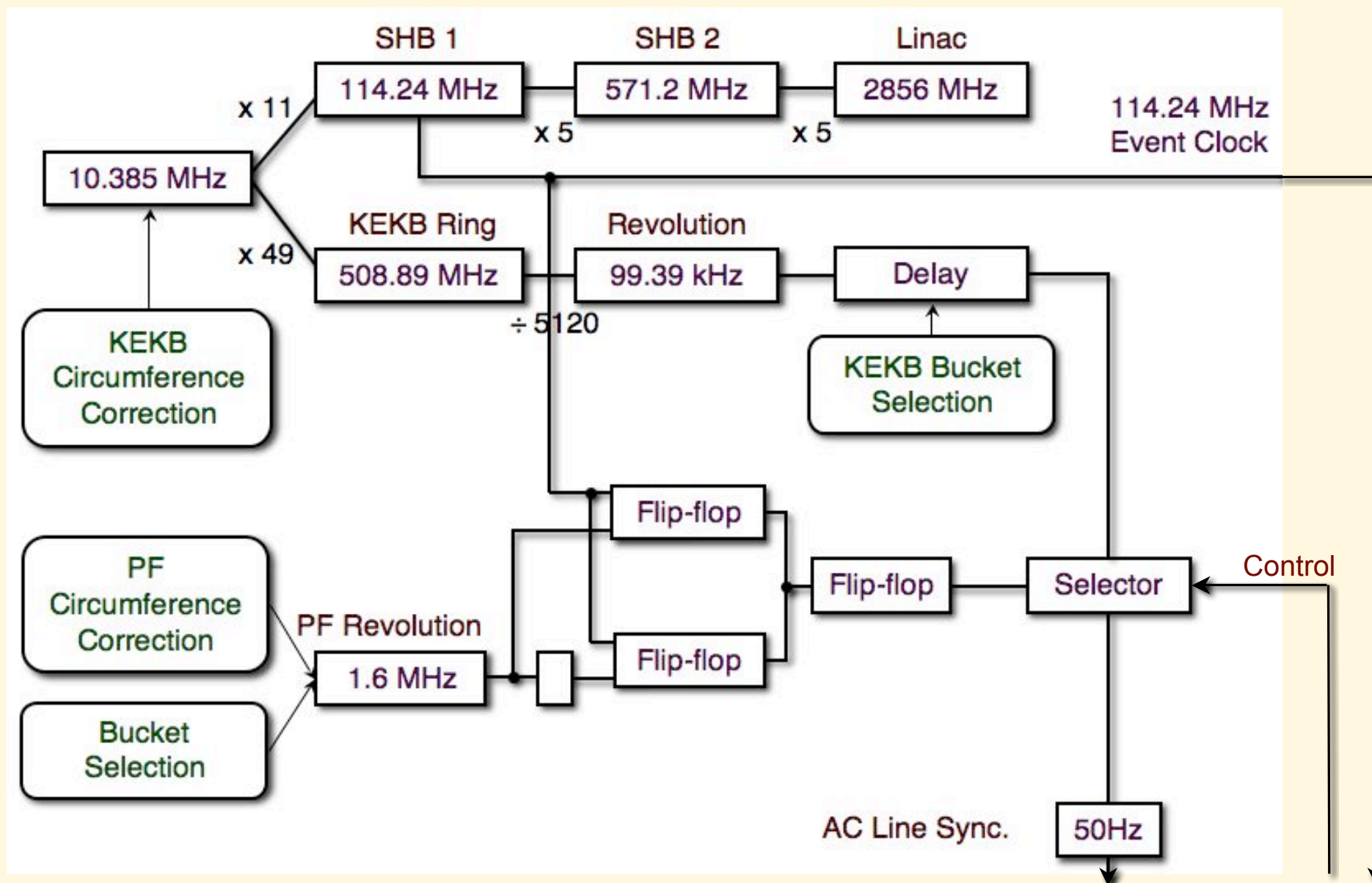
## ◆ Fast switching of many device parameters

- ❖ In 20ms / 50Hz
- ❖ Should be reliable because beam power is much different

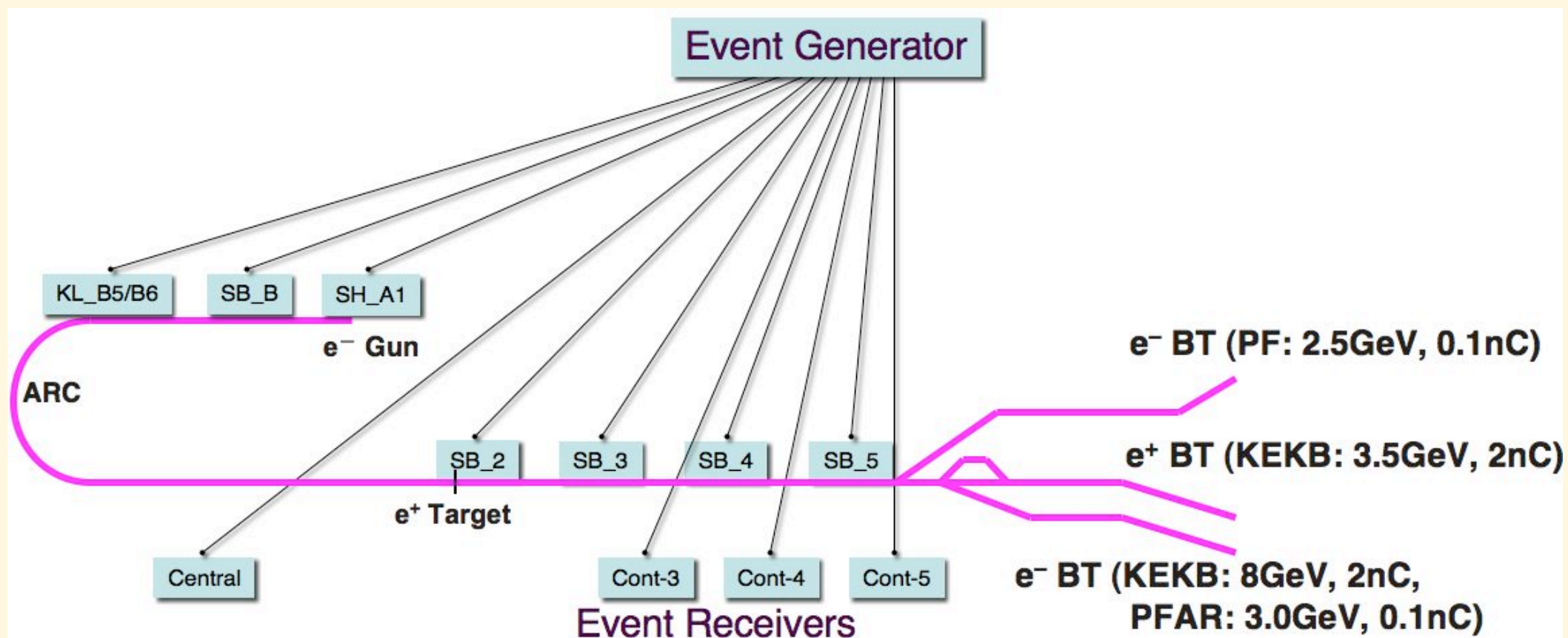
## ◆ MRF Series 230 Event Generator / Receiver

- ❖ VxWorks 5.5.1, MVME5500, (Originally with RTEMS but...)
- ❖ Timing precision less than 10ps (TD4 provides 3ps)
- ❖ Multi-mode fiber and single-mode fiber for longer distance

# Basic synchronization outside of EVG



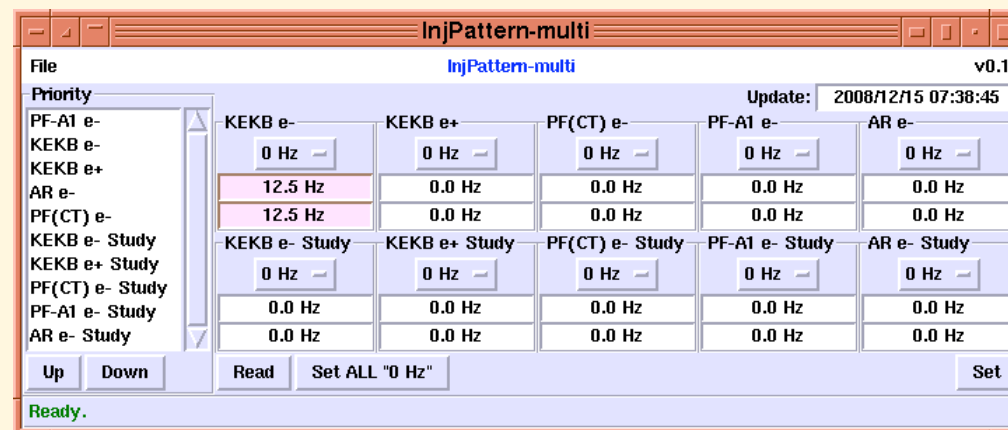
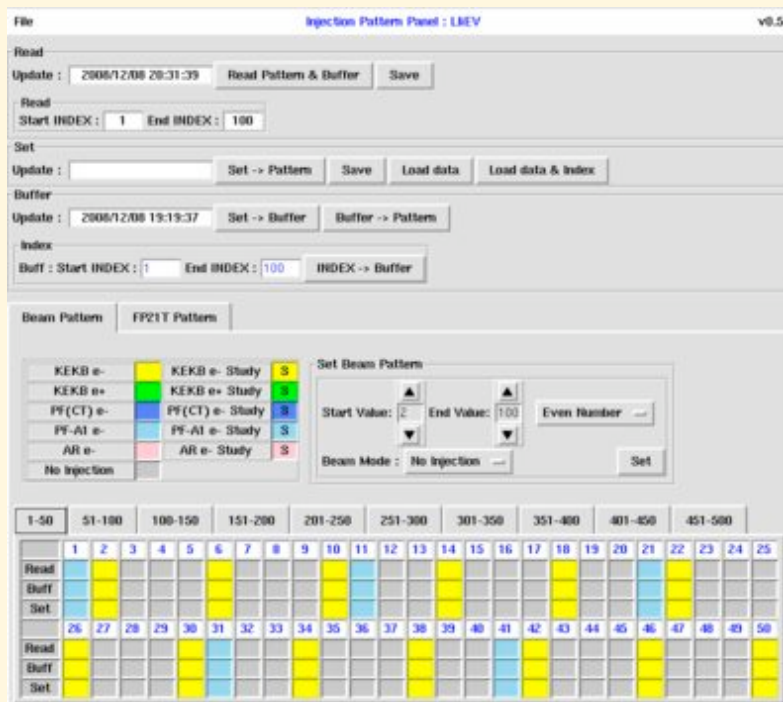
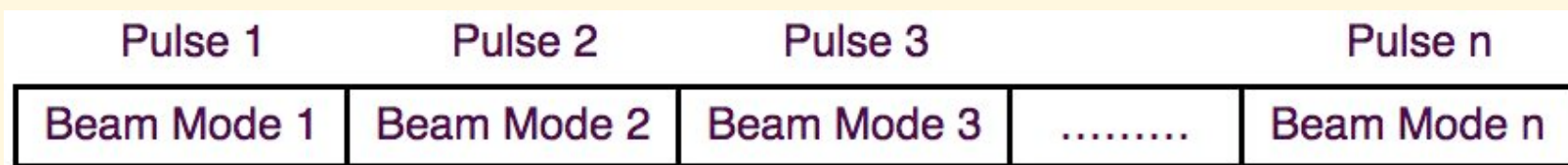
# Event system configuration, autumn 2008



# Beam mode pattern generation

- ◆ Every pulse (every 20ms) corresponds to a beam mode.
- ◆ 10 different beam modes are defined (for KEKB e+, etc).
- ◆ One beam mode may contain many event codes.
- ◆ About 50 event codes are defined.
- ◆ Some events correspond to many functions, and others to specific devices.
- ◆ Beam pattern buffer length (n) can be 2 to 500 (20ms x 500 = 10 seconds).
- ◆ A new pattern is loaded at the end of the previous pattern.
- ◆ Otherwise, the pattern repeats forever.
- ◆ Pattern generator software arbitrates requests from downstream rings.
- ◆ There are many pattern rules due to pulse device features and limitations.

# Beam mode pattern generation

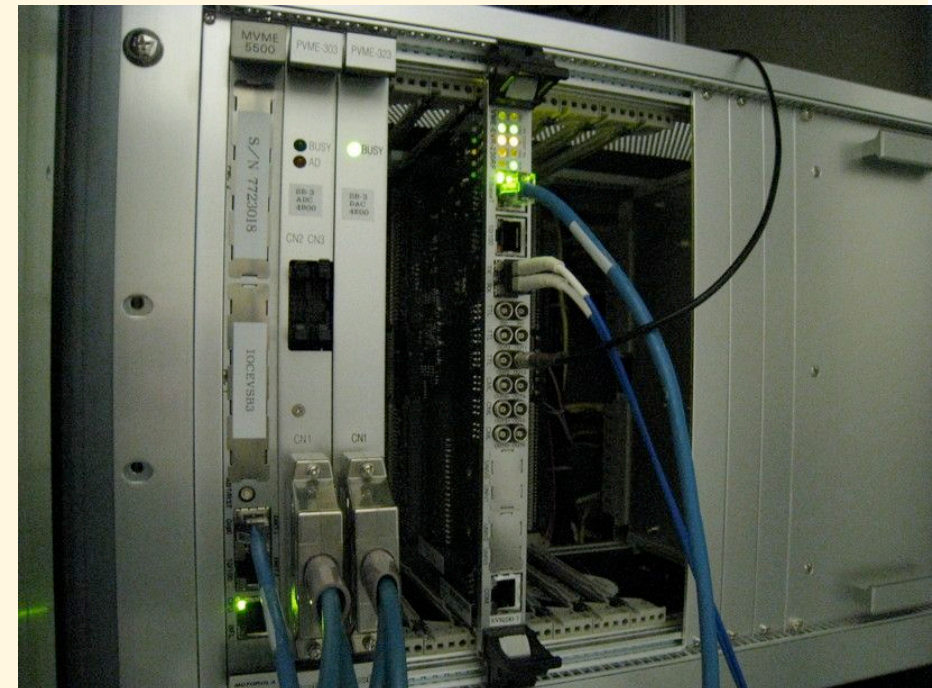
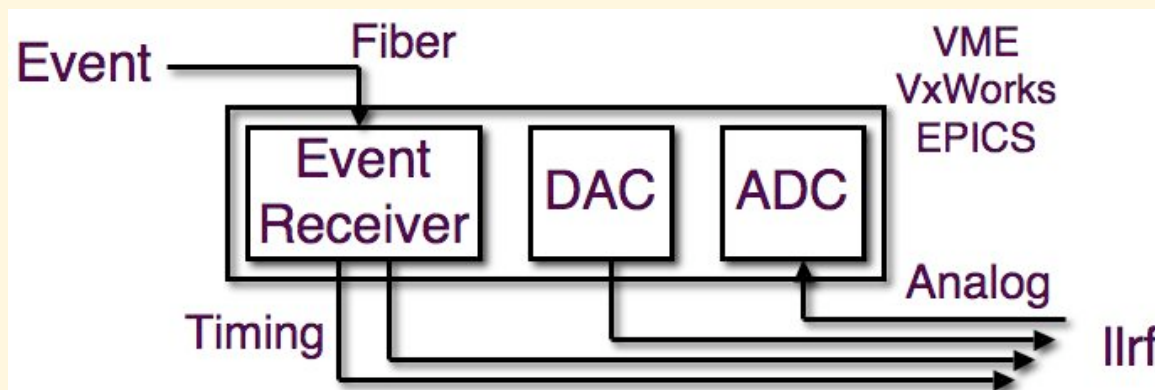


Manual pattern designer

A version for current operation

# LLRF

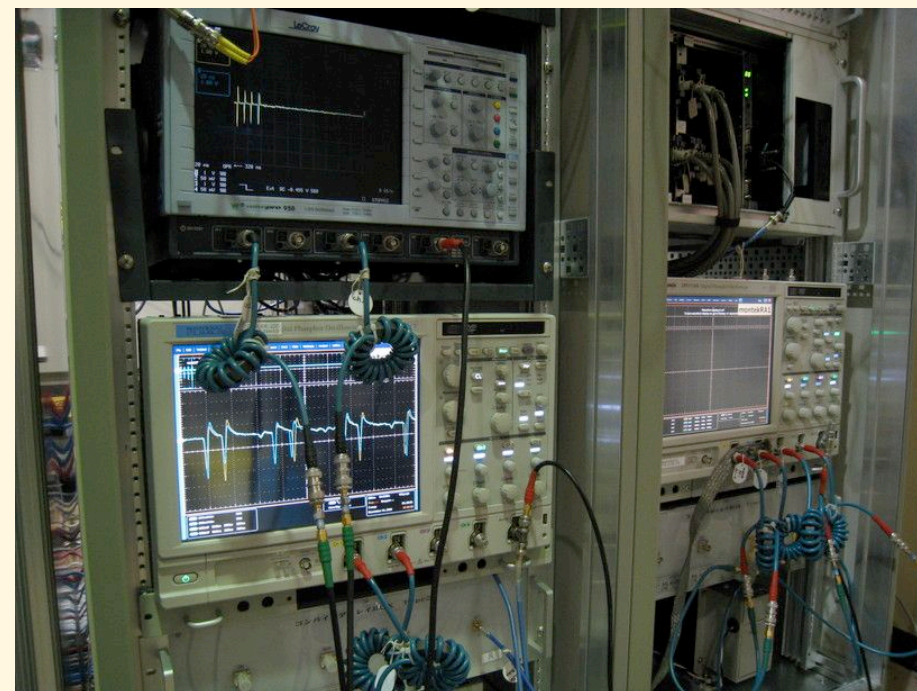
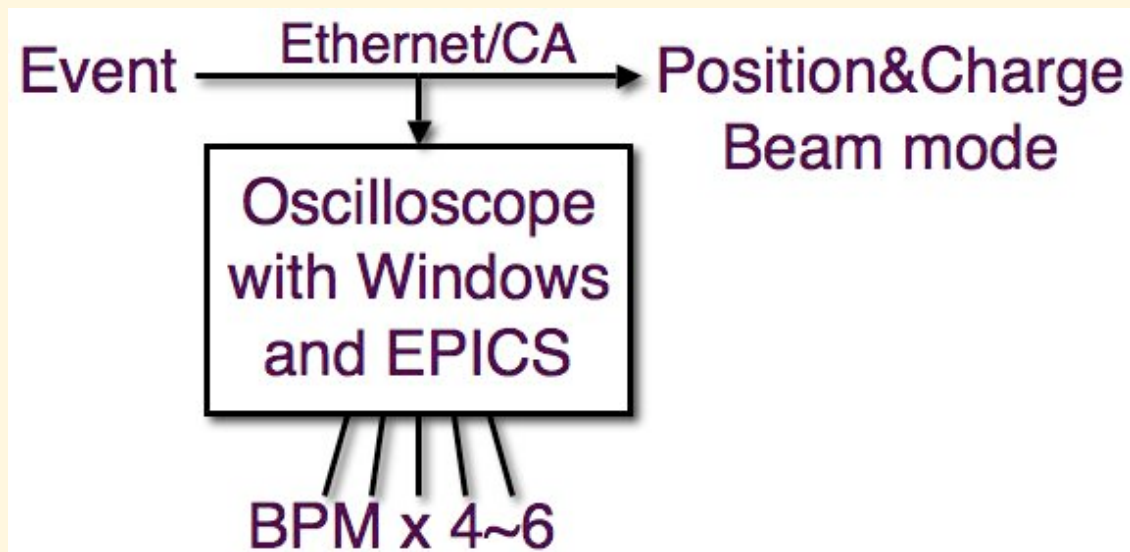
- ◆ Timing and analog signals are essential for absolute energy, energy spread, and dual-bunch energy equalization.
- ◆ Signals can be switched pulse-by-pulse.
- ◆ Driver klystrons (SB), energy tuner klystron (KL), and sub-harmonic bunchers (SH) are managed by the event system.





# BPM

- ◆ DPO7104 can acquire data in 50Hz .
- ◆ Beam modes are recognized by events through network.
- ◆ Clients can monitor data of an interested beam mode.
- ◆ 100 BPMs are synchronized.



# Parameters

- ◆ **Parameters switching via Event system**
  - ❖ RF Timing x~35
  - ❖ LLRF x~11
  - ❖ Gun voltages, fast delays, x4
  - ❖ Pulsed magnets x~12
  - ❖ Injection system x~4
  - ❖ BPM over channel access x~100
- ◆ **Basically sufficient for fast beam mode switching**
- ◆ **More parameters next year**
- ◆ **Integrity monitors**
- ◆ **Improved slow beam feedback, fast feedback, etc.**

# Embedded EPICS with FPGA

## ◆ Suzaku/atmark-techno

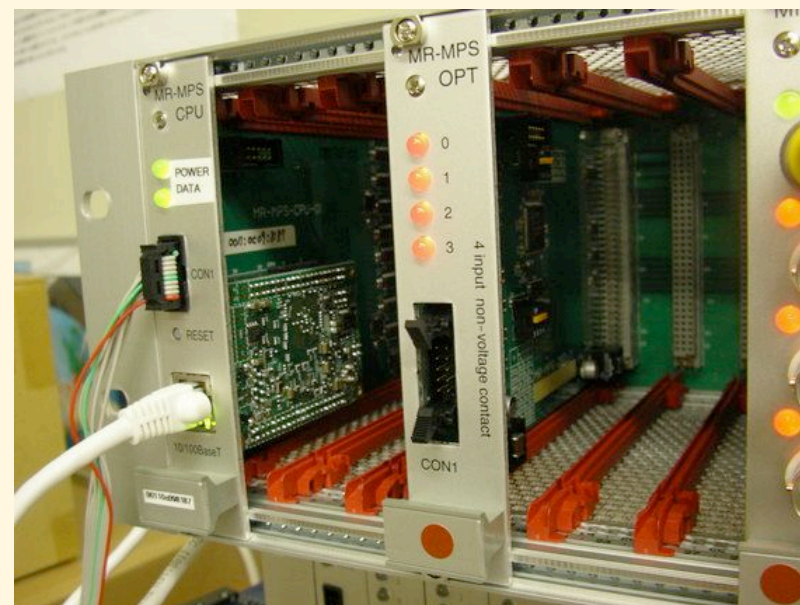
- ❖ FPGA Vertex-4
- ❖ PPC Linux-2.6
- ❖ EPICS 3.14



## ◆ J-PARC MPS

## ◆ KEKB Magnet

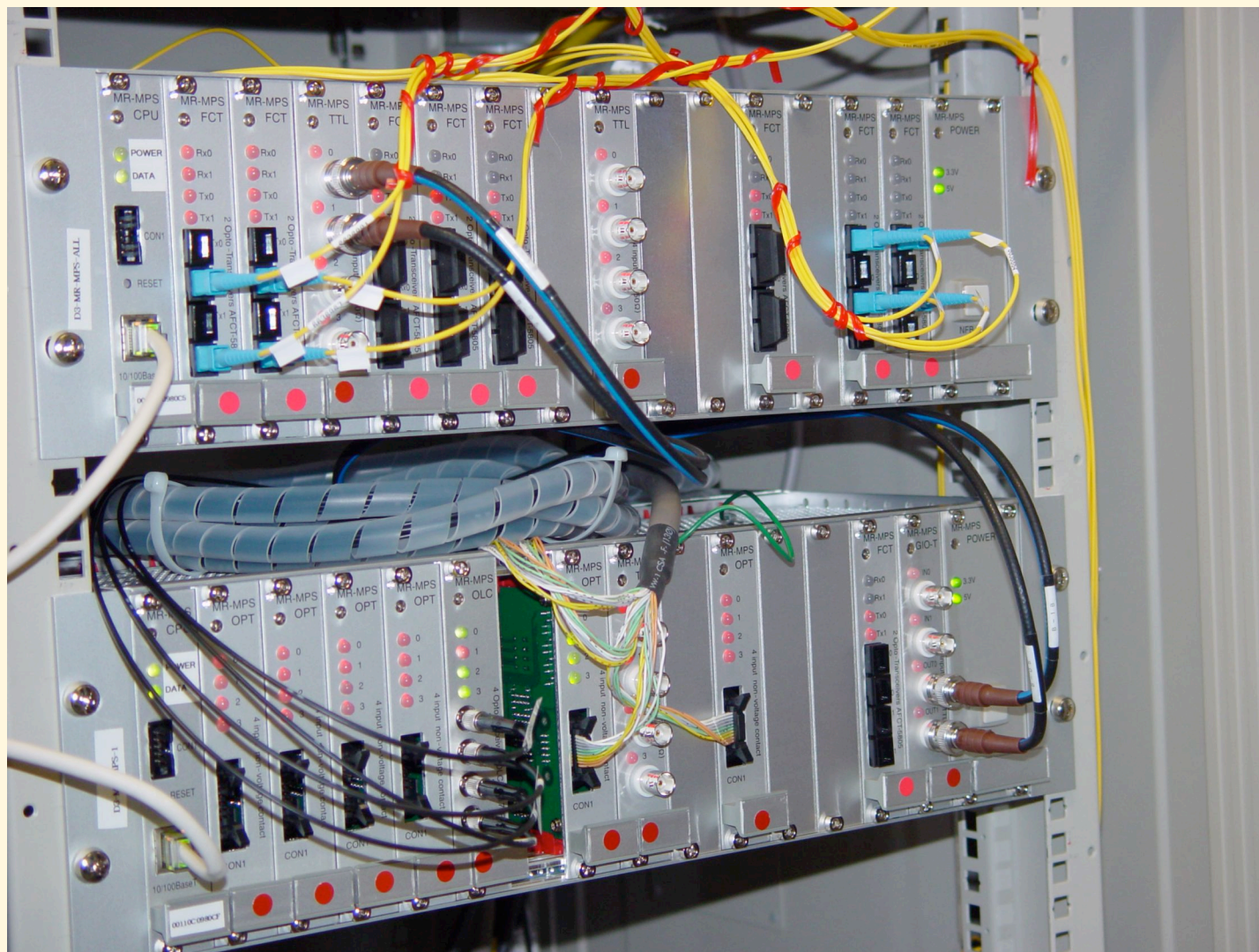
## ◆ Linac RF



# J-PARC MR MPS Operational

◆ Akiyama,  
Nakagawa,  
et al.

◆ Several  
Different  
Interfaces



# Near Future

## ◆ SADscript

- ❖ Will be maintained, but should look more at XAL - CSS

## ◆ EPICS

- ❖ Still many hopes waiting to be realized

## ◆ More integration between control systems

## ◆ PLC usage

- ❖ IEC61131-3 Standards

## ◆ FPGA usage

- ❖ More embedded controllers / instrumentations

## ◆ More reliability considerations

- ❖ Testing environments, Surveillance, Redundancy, etc.

## ◆ More operation side developments

**Linac and KEKB groups will share the tasks**

# Summary

- ◆ **Control system design needed balances between many aspects**
  
- ◆ **EPICS and Scripting Languages brought great success to the both KEKB and Linac Beam Operations**
  
- ◆ **Control Architecture Has Changed**
  - ❖ **Tried to establish unified controllers (before 15 years ago)**
  - ❖ **Tried to use only Ethernet/IP networks (15 to 5 years ago)**
  - ❖ **Trying to use only EPICS-embedded controllers (now)**



Thank you





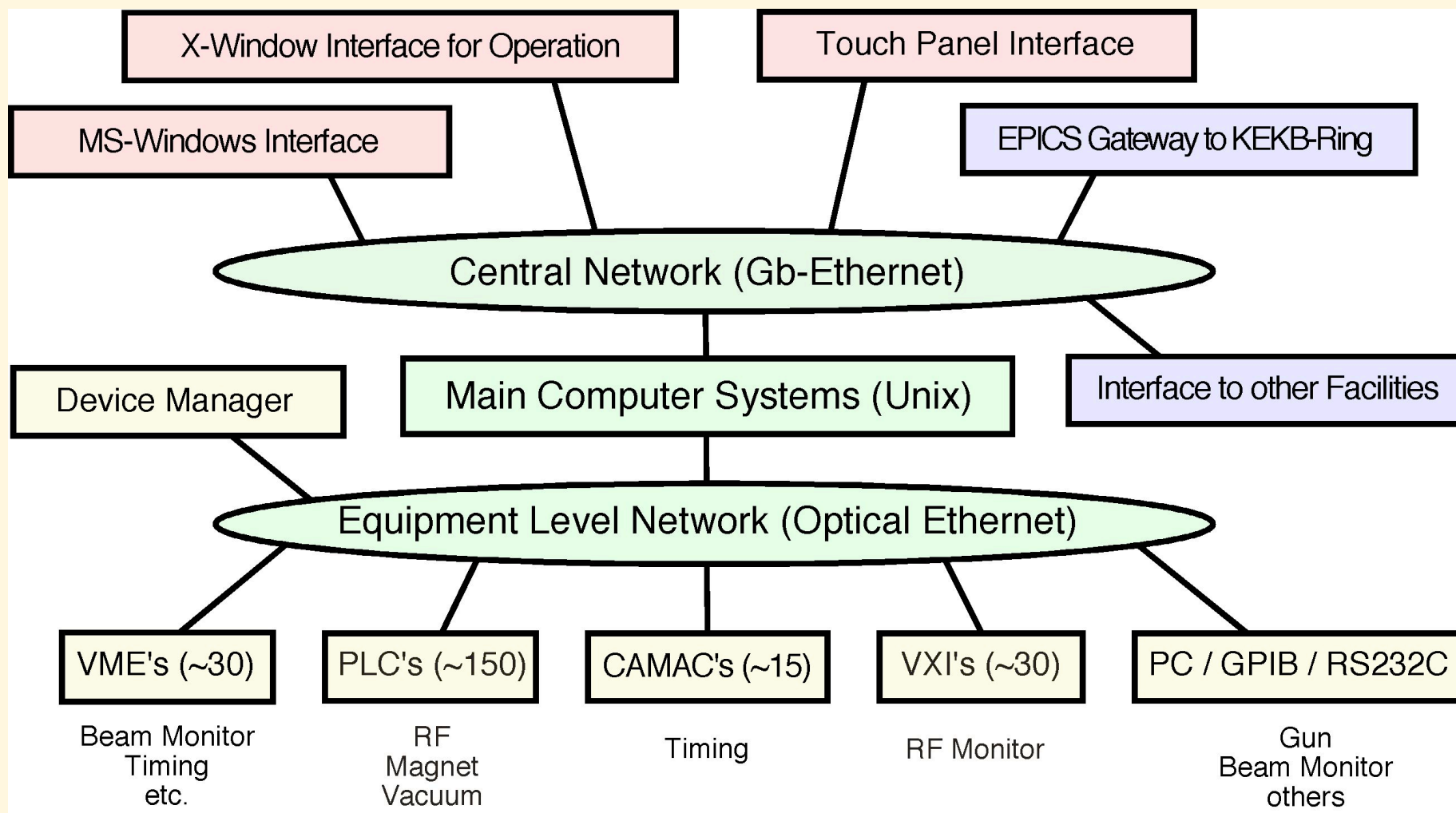
Thank you





# Linac; Physical Structure

## ◆ Multi-tier, Multi-hardware, Multi-client, ...





# Linac; Software Architecture

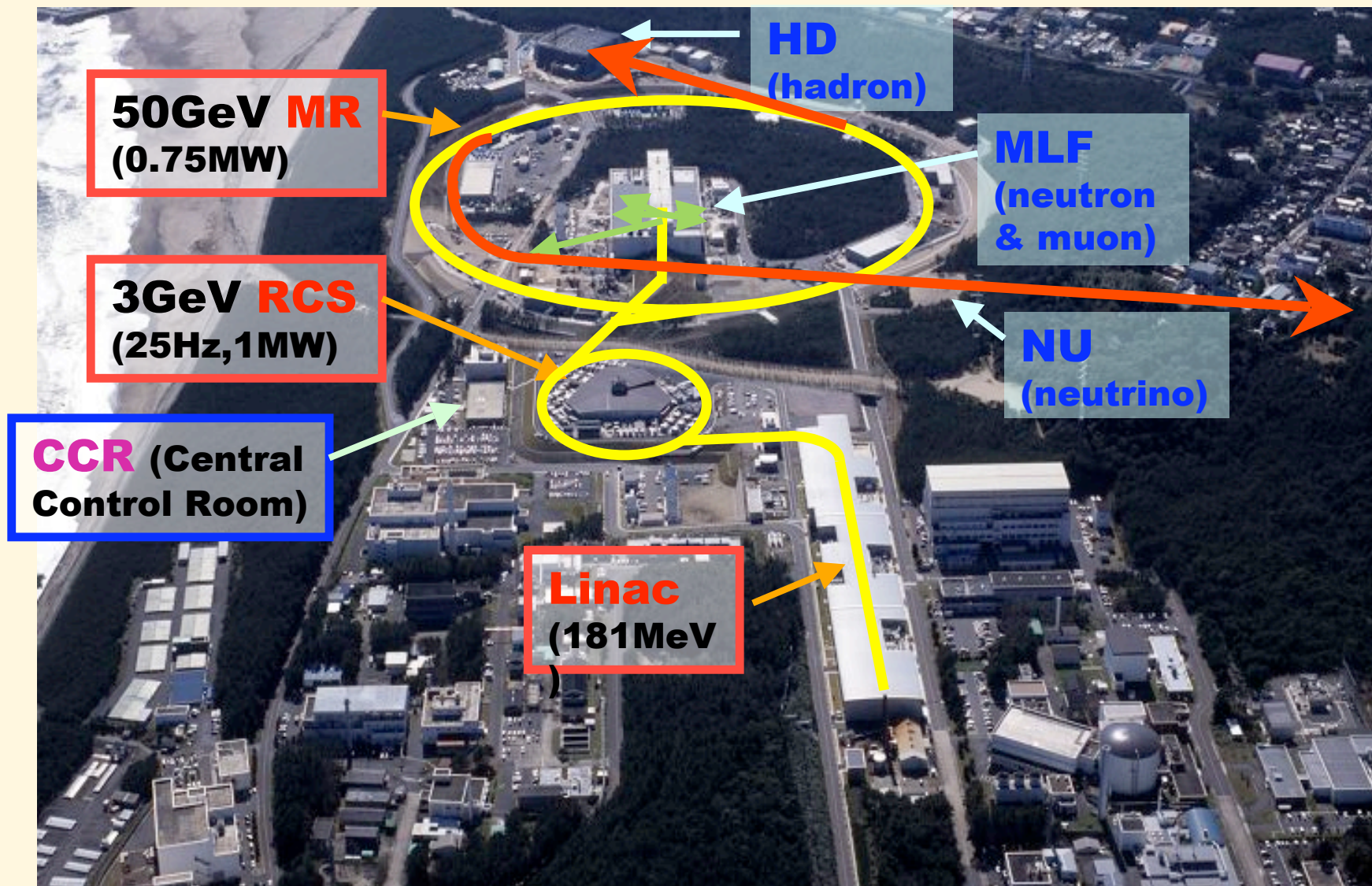
- ◆ **Base control software structure for Multi-platform**
  - ❖ any Unix, OS9, LynxOS (Realtime), VMS, DOS, Windows, MacOS
  - ❖ TCP - UDP General Communication Library
  - ❖ Shared-Memory, Semaphore Library
  - ❖ Simple Home-grown RPC (Remote Procedure Call) Library
  - ❖ Memory-resident Hash Database Library
- ◆ **Control Server software**
  - ❖ Lower-layer servers (UDP-RPC) for control hardware
  - ❖ Upper-layer server (TCP-RPC) for accelerator equipment
  - ❖ Read-only Information on Distributed Shared Memory
  - ❖ Works redundantly on multiple servers
- ◆ **Client Applications**
  - ❖ Established applications in C language with RPC
  - ❖ Many of the beam operation software in scripting language,
    - ✧ **Tcl/Tk**
    - ✧ **SADscript/Tk**



# Network with only IP/Ethernet

- ◆ **The policy chosen when we upgrade Linac in 1993**
  - ❖ **Make network management simpler**
    - ✧ Faster switches, routing, network-booting, etc.
  - ❖ **Avoid Hardware failure and analysis effort with old field network**
    - ✧ Home-grown field networks need much dedicated man-power
  - ❖ **Cost for optical Ethernet went down at around 1995**
    - ✧ Linac has high-power modulator stations, noise source
  - ❖ **Nowadays many facilities have this policy with GbE**
    - ✧ J-PARC controls basically followed this
  - ❖ **More and more intelligent network devices**
    - ✧ ex. Oscilloscopes with Windows/3GHz-Pentium built-in
    - ✧ Even EPICS IOC, MATLAB, or others can be embedded
  - ❖ **Network components can be replaced one-by-one**
  - ❖ **Security consideration will be more and more important**

# J-PARC at Tokai Campus



# J-PARC Controls

- ◆ **We started the design in 1998**
  - ❖ But nobody was dedicated at the beginning
- ◆ **EPICS was chosen**
  - ❖ The same reason as KEKB, EPICS was successful at KEKB
- ◆ **IP/Ethernet-only field network was chosen**
  - ❖ It was successful at Linac
- ◆ **Device support**
  - ❖ Development was started with Network-based device supports
  - ❖ WE7000, FAM3 PLC, EMB-Lan etc.
  - ❖ Later, Integrated into NetDev by Odagiri
- ◆ **Mixed application environment with Java, SAD, XAL, Python**
- ◆ **Good practice for inter-institute developments with different cultures**
- ◆ **Under commissioning, soon to commission MR beam**

# EPICS Software Environment

Accelerator	OPI Applications		IOC/VME OS,H/W	Drivers (slightly old)
	Basic	High-Lvl.		
Linac	Java +MEDM	XAL /JCE	VxWorks PowerPC Adv7501	- VME I/O Modules mainly by Advanet - TeraDev for PLC
RCS	Java +MEDM	SAD	VxWorks PowerPC Adv7501	- VME I/O Modules mainly by Advanet - TeraDev for PLC
MR	MEDM (or EDM)	SAD Python	Linux Intel-based GE Funac and Sanritz	(Network Devices) -NetDev for PLC, BPMC, EMB-LAN -WE7000 Drivers