

Belle2 General Meeting  
10 October, 2022

# Linac status and upgrade during LS1

KEK e<sup>+</sup>/e<sup>-</sup> injector linac group  
Takuya Kamitani

# Contents of my talk

## ● Linac status

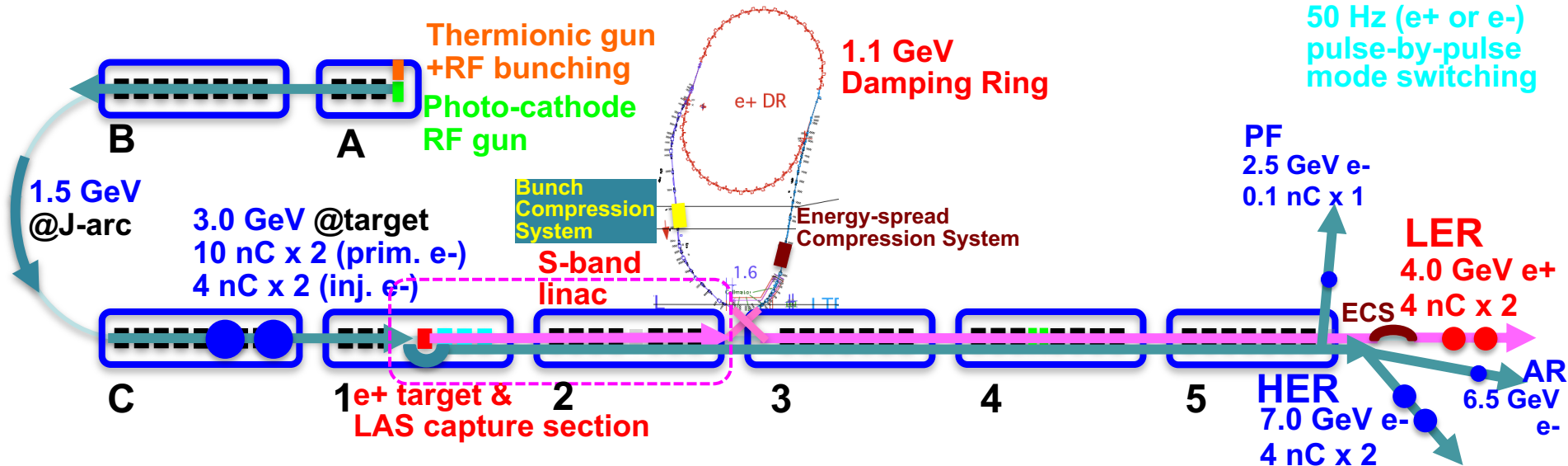
- ❖ operation history (injection beam charge)
- ❖ recent improvement
  - [1] RF-gun laser window replacement & addnl. pumping
  - [2] RTL (from DR to Linac) Fast kicker  
for DR extraction angle difference compensation

## ● Linac upgrade items during LS1

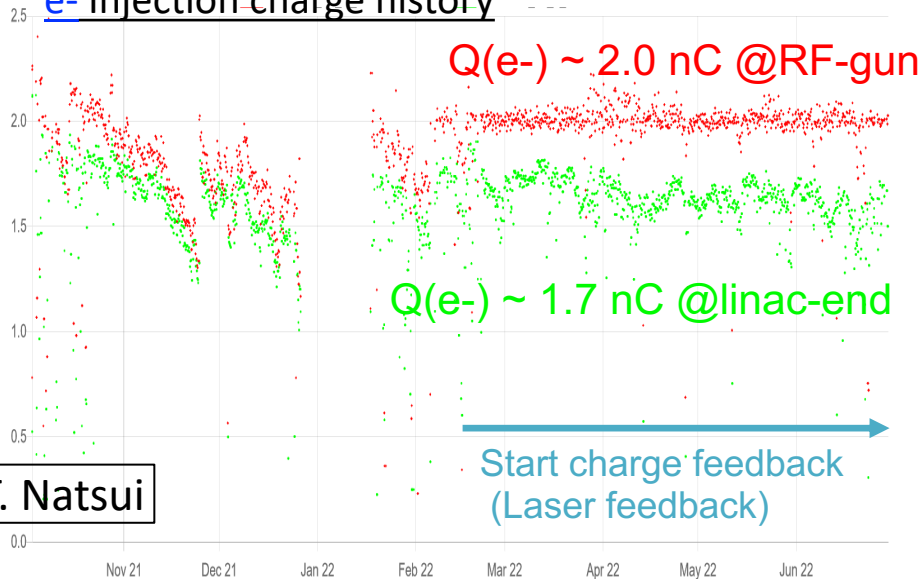
- ❖ [1] Pulsed quads at J-arc matching section
- ❖ [2] Pulsed quads at e<sup>+</sup>/e<sup>-</sup> compatible optics region
- ❖ [3] Linac Fast kicker for bunch orbit difference tuning

# Linac Status

- Linac stably injects e-/e+ beams to HER, LER, PF & AR.

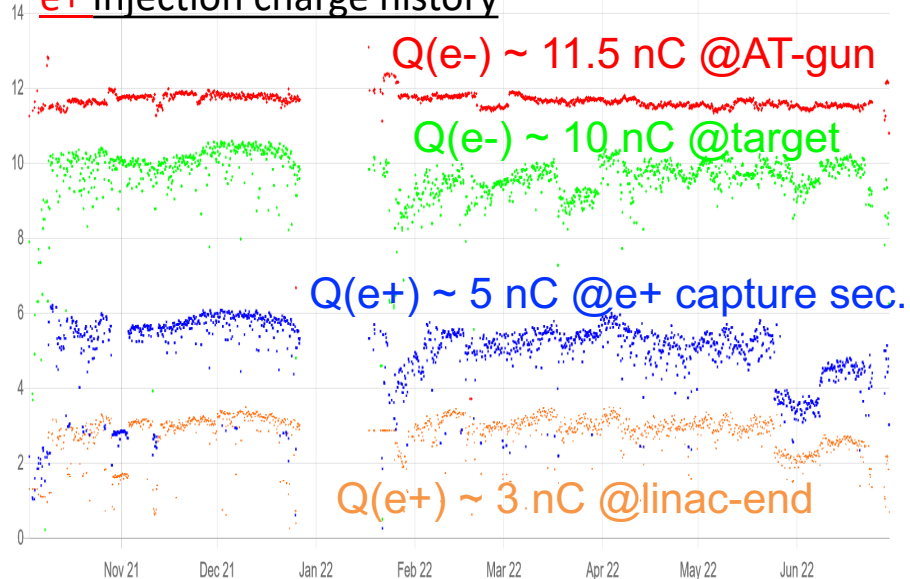


e- Injection charge history



T. Natsui

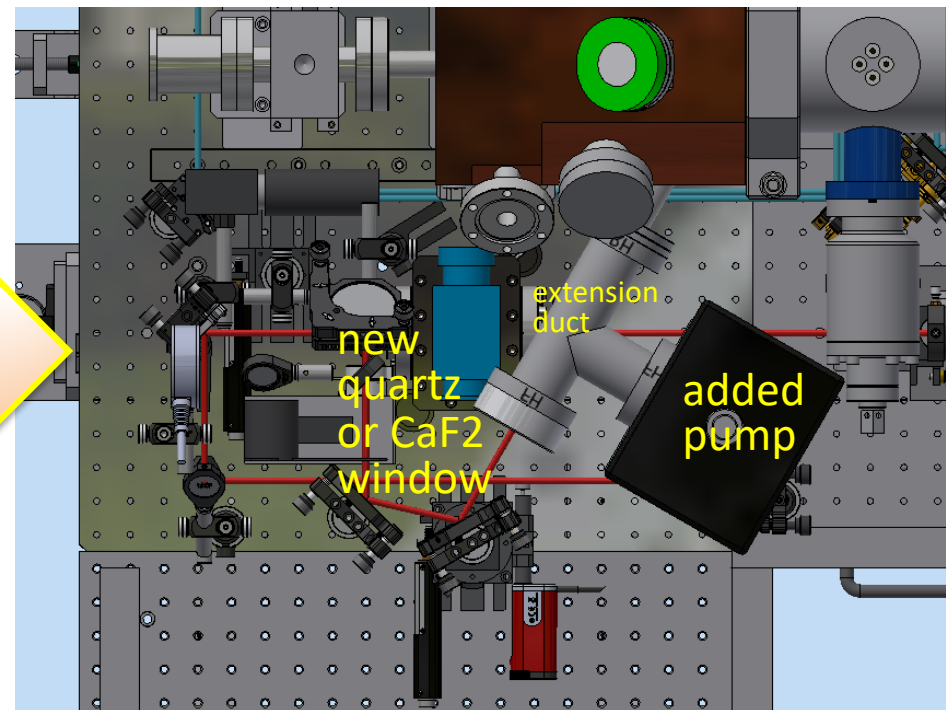
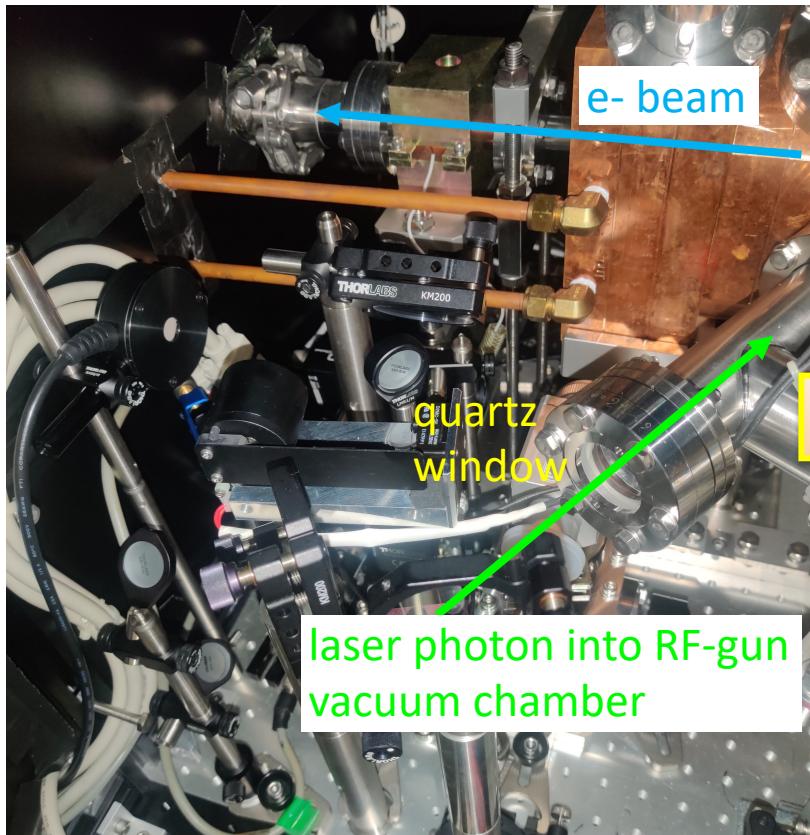
e+ Injection charge history



# [1] RF-gun laser window replacement

- laser photon **intensity attenuated** by dirt on inner surface of the quartz window
- Replaced the window to new one
- Added an ion pump to mitigate degradation

X. Zhou



# e- beam intensity recovered

- RF-gun uses 2 lines of laser
- photon transmission degraded to 40% due to dirt on window and dependent upon incident position
- e- beam intensity recovered by window replacement

M. Yoshida

e- intensity by 1<sup>st</sup>-line laser

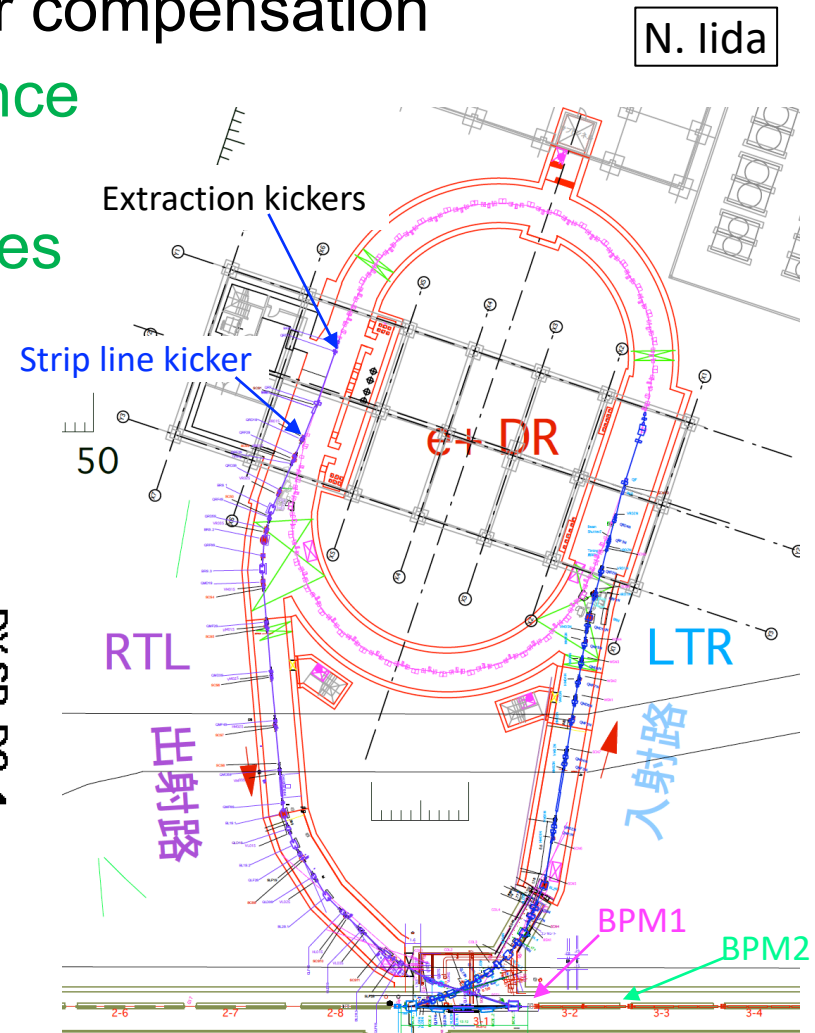
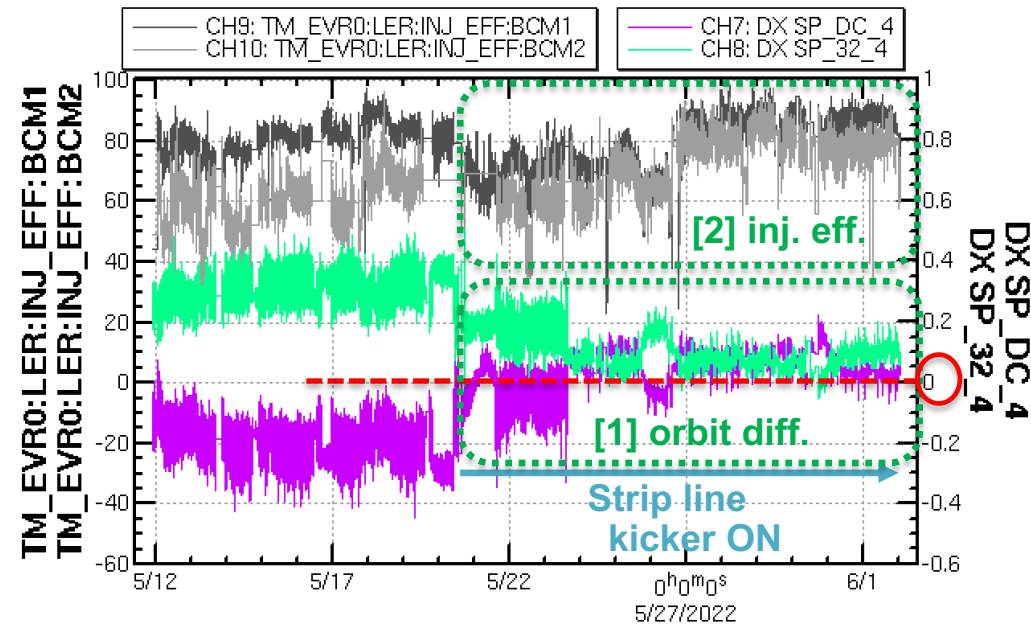


e- intensity by 2<sup>nd</sup>-line laser



# [2] RTL bunch orbit difference reduction

- DR extraction kicker pulse shape made **difference in 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> e+ bunch orbits and injection efficiencies**
- **Fast strip line kicker installed** for compensation
- **[1] Reduced bunch orbit difference** at BPM1 and 2
- **[2] Coincided injection efficiencies** at LER

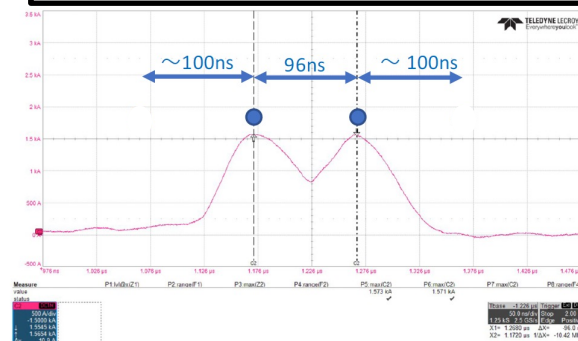


# fast strip line kicker

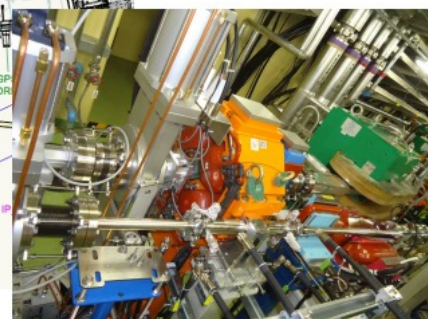
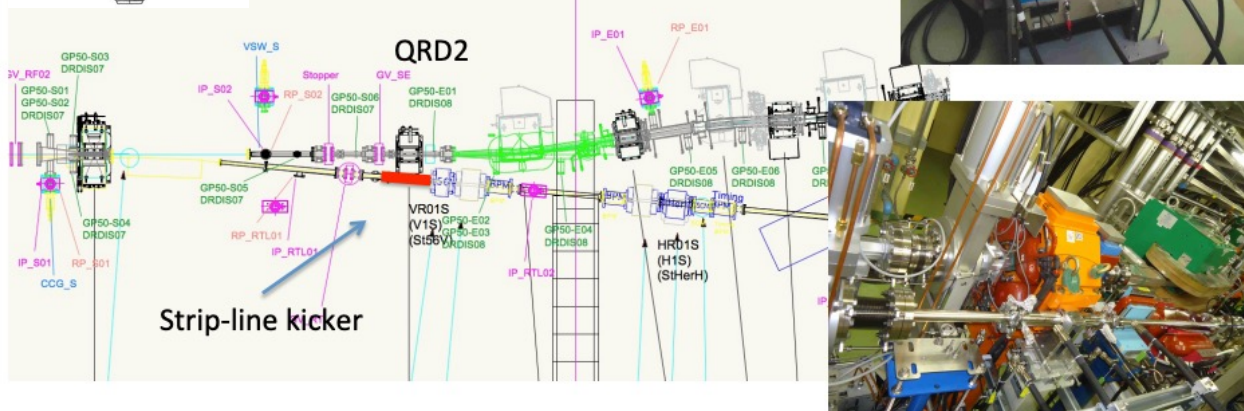
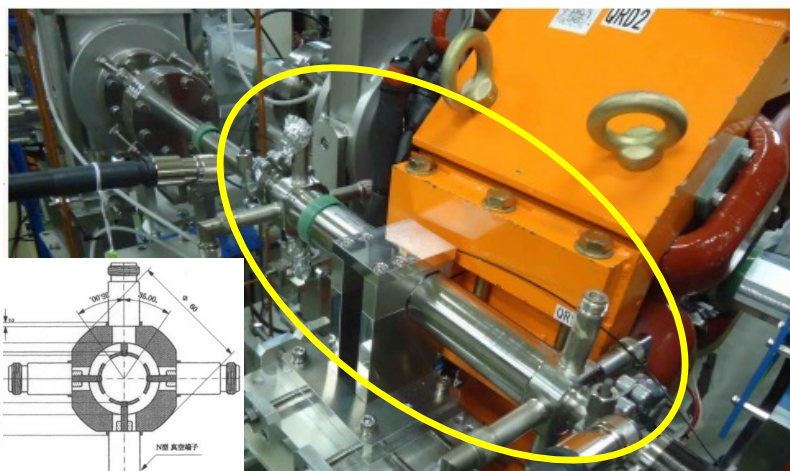
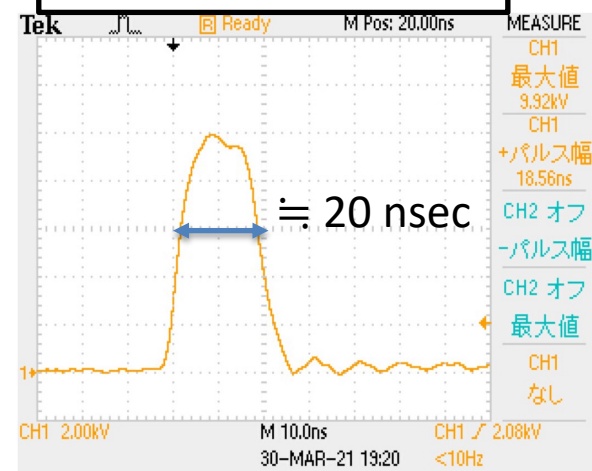
- Fast strip line kicker in RTL (DR to Linac) kicks only 2<sup>nd</sup> bunch (originally developed for KEK ATF)
- Electric field type kicker  
kick angle 0.14 mrad with +/- 8 kV  
pulse length ~ 20 ns

K. Kodama, T. Naito

DR Extraction Kicker pulse

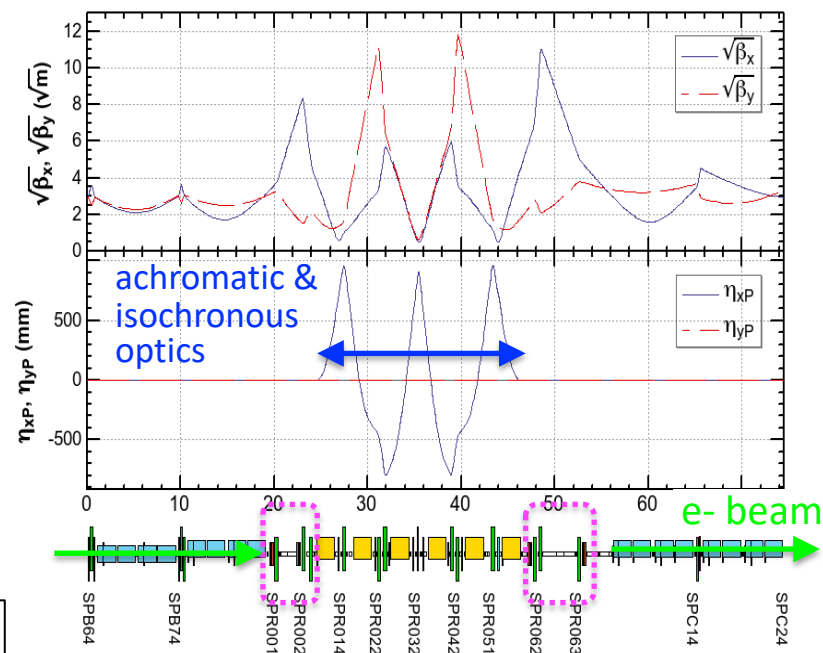
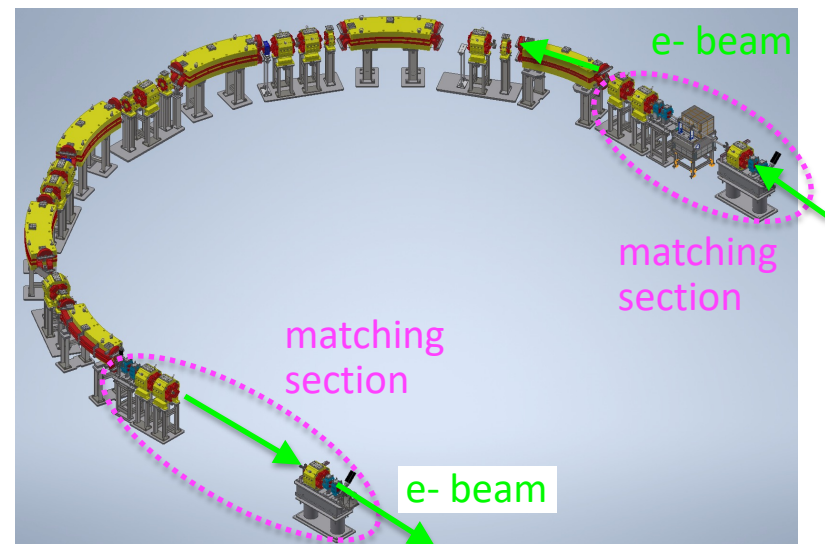


Strip Line Kicker pulse



# Upgrade item [1] pulsed quad @J-arc

- beam optics situation @J-arc
  - ❖ 180-degree J-arc has a special optical design, so **beam matching** to periodic focusing systems in straight lines is essential to avoid beam loss and degradation.
  - ❖ optical mismatch tend to cause a **particle loss** in primary e- beam of large emittance (KBP).
  - ❖ tuning of quads for matching often makes **emittance degradation** in injection e- beam (KBE).
- motivation of pulsed quad
  - ❖ **pulsed quads in matching section** enables **independent beam optics matching** for each mode



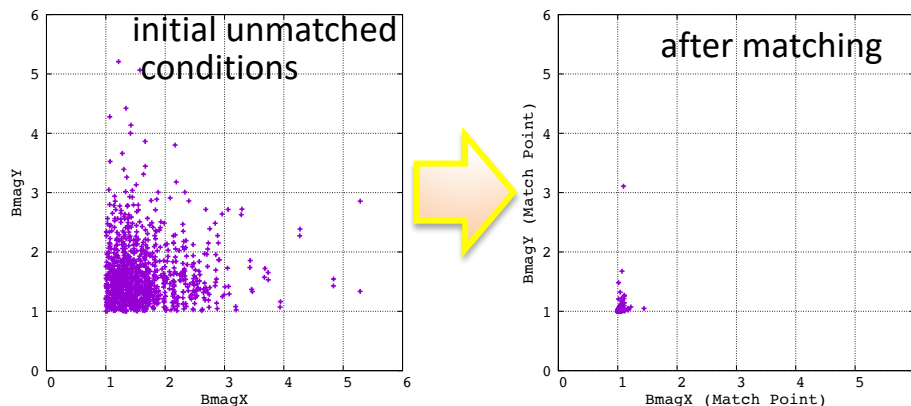


# optics matching simulation

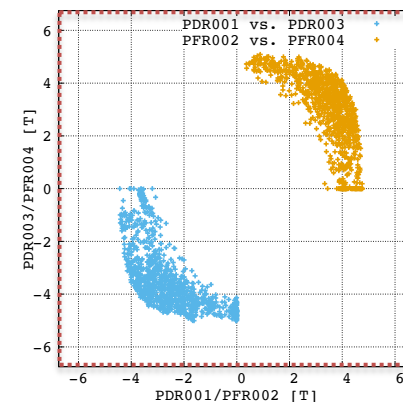
- number of quads: 4 in entrance and 4 in exit (3 + 3 at present)
- matching performance is evaluated by simulations with random initial Twiss parameters.
- almost all cases, good matching result ( $Bmag_{x,y} \sim 1$ ) obtained within designed field strength.

Y. Seimiya

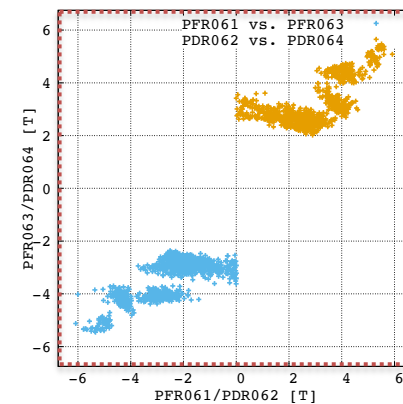
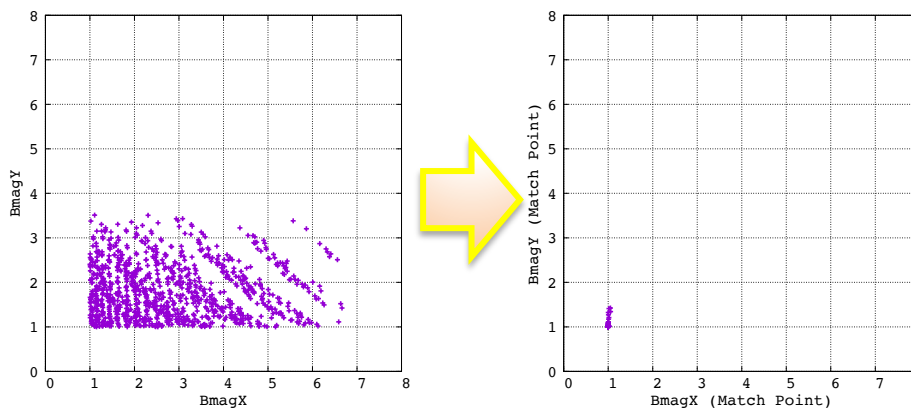
at J-arc  
entrance



field strengths after matching  
(plot boundary shows design limit)



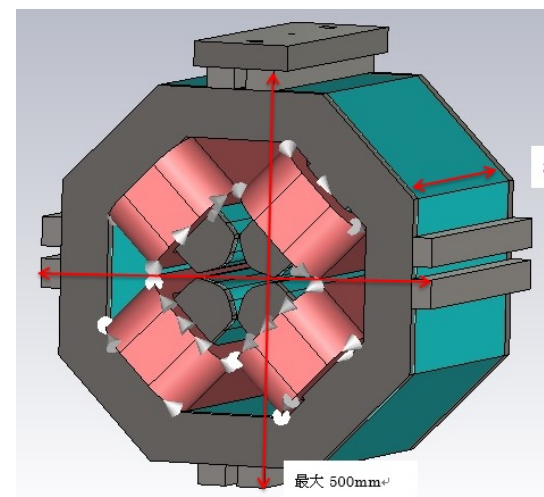
at J-arc  
exit



# specification of pulse quad for J-arc

- requirement on **field strength** is **minimized** by simulation while keeping the beam matching performance and margin.
- **bore size remains the same** for sufficient aperture.
- current and turns/coil are optimized, however, requires **larger capacity pulse power supply**.
- magnet (size) and ceramic duct are designed to be almost **comparable** to existing DC quad and duct.

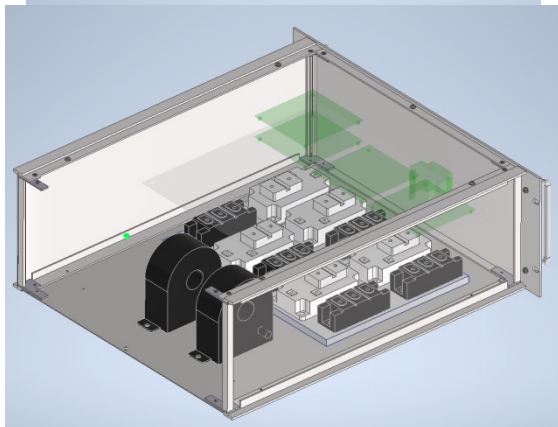
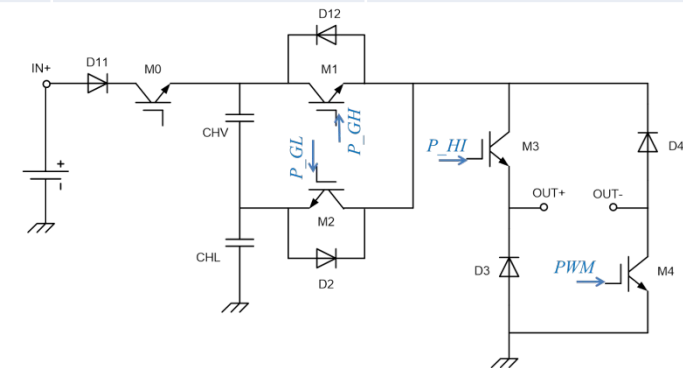
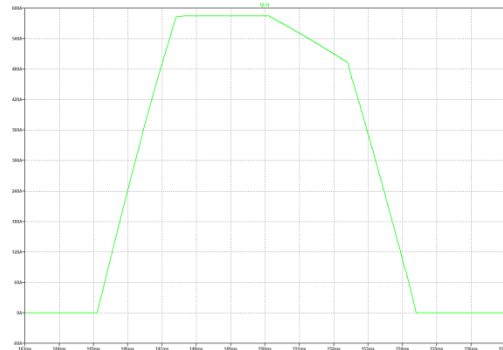
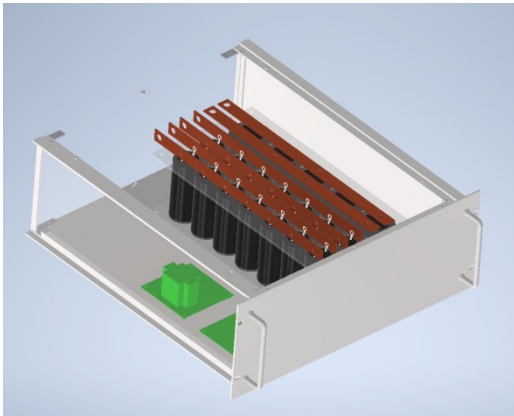
parameters	DC quad R0_01 type	new pulsed quad R0_01
bore diameter [mm]	44	44
field gradient [T/m]	26.1	21
max. current [A]	56	600
pole length [mm]	300	300
effective length [mm]	323	333
B'L [T]	8.43	7
nI [A.turn]	5040	4200
turn of coil /pole	90	7
inductance [mH]	200	1.5



# new pulse power supply

- new pulse driver for J-arc pulsed quads is developing.

	3-5 sector type	New pulse driver
Max Voltage [V]	230	400
Max Current [A]	330	600
Magnet inductance [mH]	1	1.5
Control method	$I_D$ - $V_{GE}$ analog control	Pulse Width Modulation



# Upgrade item [2] pulsed quad in Sect-1, 2 <sup>12</sup>

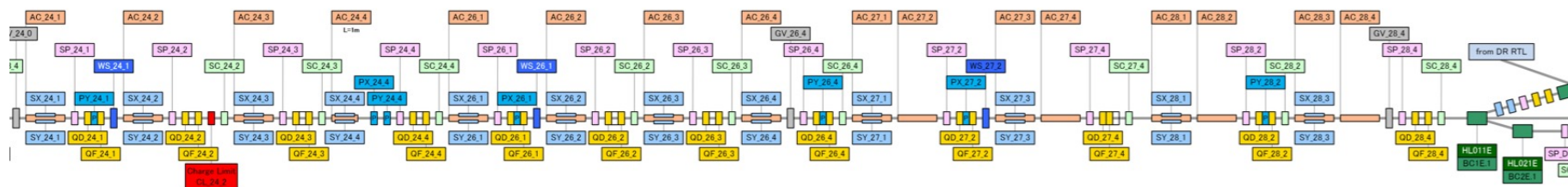
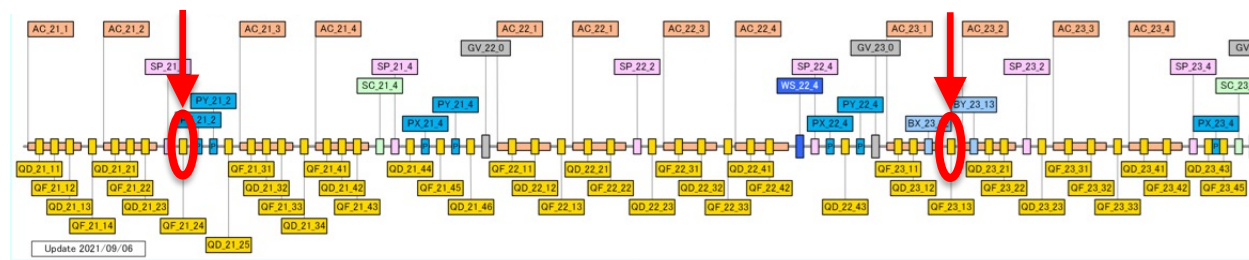
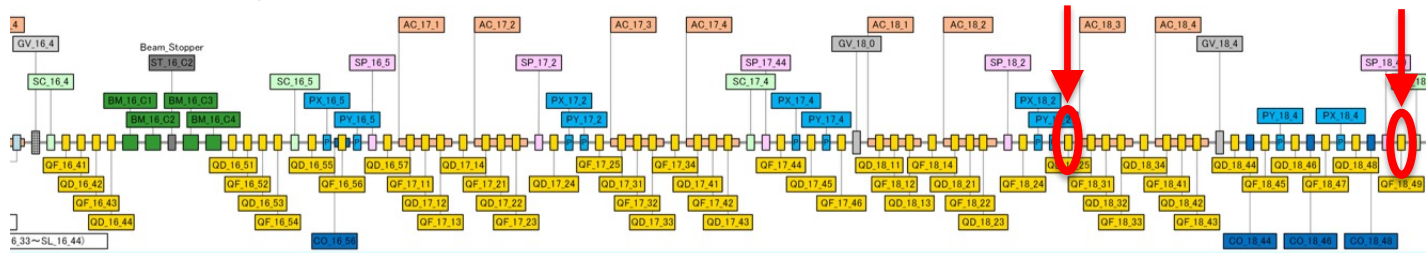
- e+/e- beam optics situation in Sect-1, 2
  - ❖ beam **optical design** in the region (after e+ capture section to LTR entrance) is **optimized for e+** beam transmission
  - ❖ unfortunately, plenty of DC quads are used for this optics
  - ❖ **e- beam** (with higher energy) experiences very **weak focusing** with large betatron function
  - ❖ slight orbit deviation causes **emittance growth** of e- beam
- motivation of pulsed quad installation
  - ❖ beam optics simulation shows that **installation of only four pulse quads** achieves significant **reduction of the betatron function** and **suppression of emittance growth**

# magnet layout in Sector-1, 2

- quads wrapping around the accelerating structure cannot be pulsed because of eddy current in the copper
- only quads in between the structures can be pulsed
- **four quads shown below** are **replaced with pulsed magnets**

## beam line layout in Sector-1, 2

Y. Seimiya

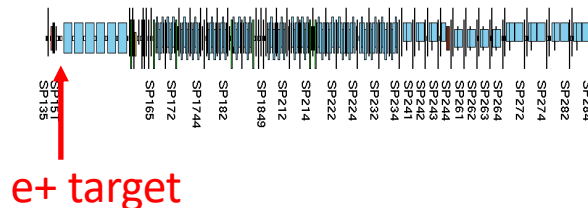
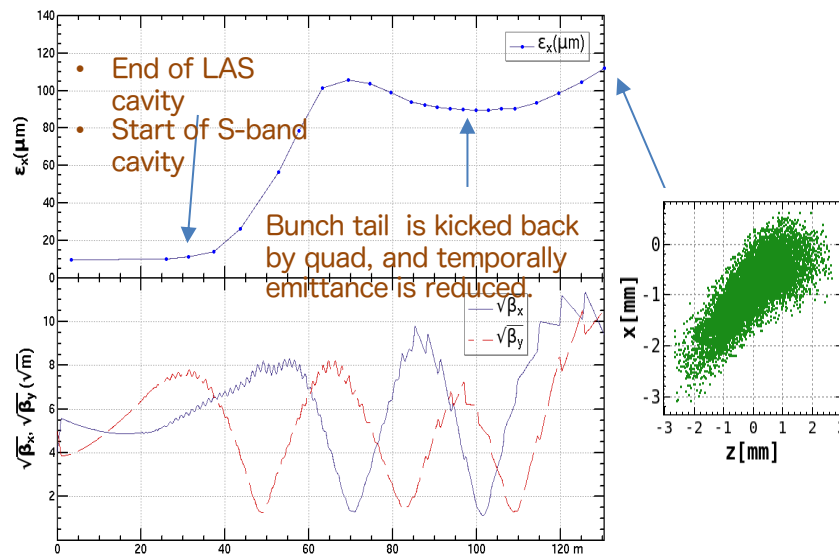


# emittance growth reduction by low beta optics

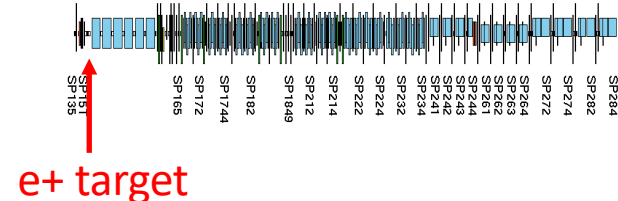
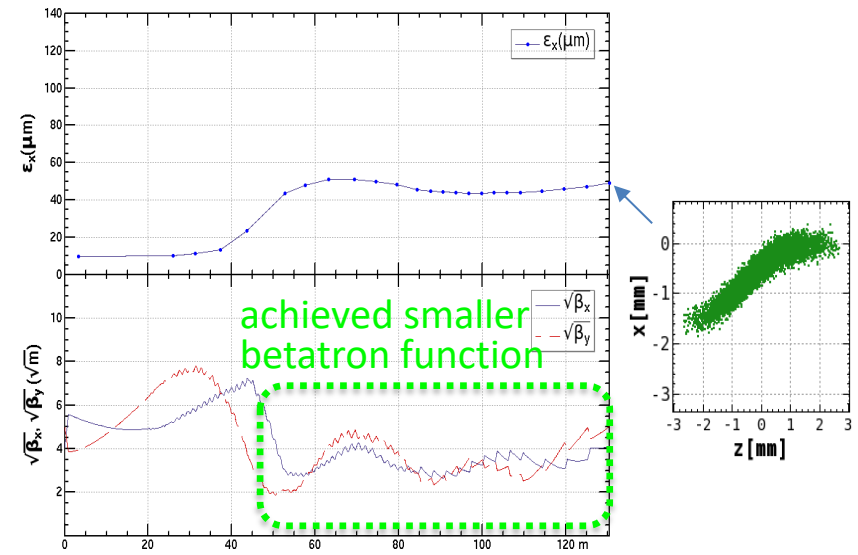
- lower betatron function can be achieved by setting four pulsed quads to e- oriented focusing strength
- it can reduce emittance growth rate less than half

Y. Seimiya

$\Delta\gamma\epsilon_x \sim 100 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$ ,  $\overline{\beta_x} = 45.2 \text{ m}$



$\Delta\gamma\epsilon_x \sim 40 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$ ,  $\overline{\beta_x} = 16.3 \text{ m}$



# specification of pulse quad for Sector-1, 2

- requirements on **bore size** and **field strength** are **minimized** by simulation while keeping the performance.
- magnet (size) and ceramic duct are designed to be **replaceable** with existing DC quad and duct.
- current and turns/coil are optimized to be compatible with the **existing pulse power supply**.

parameters	DC quad 17_14 type	new pulsed quad 17_14
bore diameter [mm]	44	32
field gradient [T/m]	20.9	23.6
max. current [A]	80	300
pole length [mm]	160	160
effective length [mm]	173.8	168.0
B'L [T]	3.63	3.96
nI [A.turn]	3760	2400
turn of coil /pole	47	8
inductance [mH]	32.3	0.94

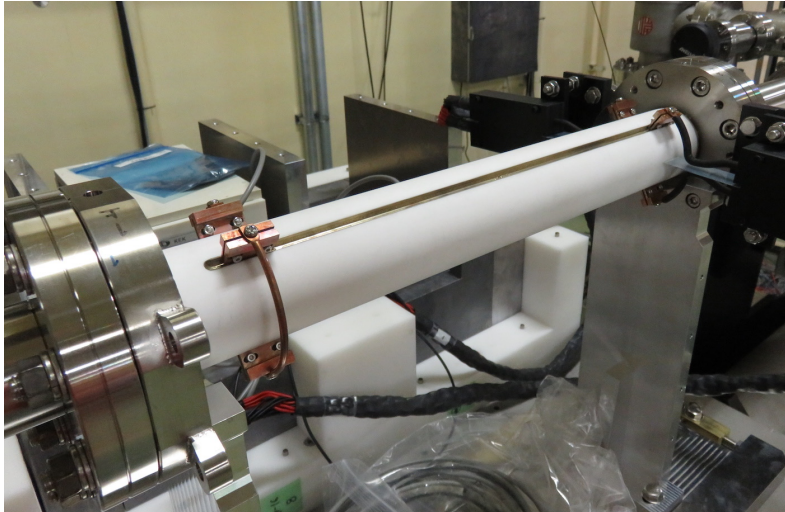
K. Yokoyama

# Upgrade item [3] Linac Fast Kicker

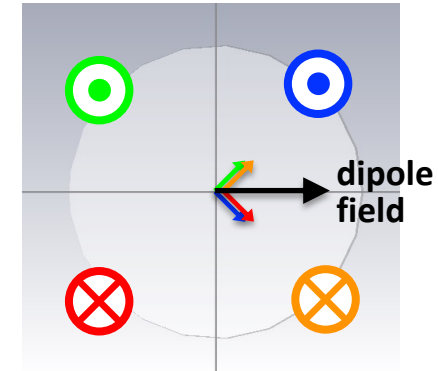
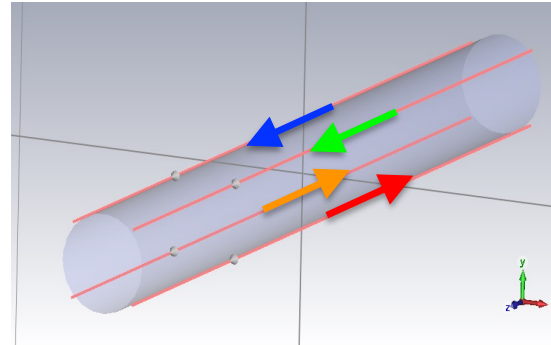
- 1<sup>st</sup>/2<sup>nd</sup> bunch orbit difference tuning is important because of
  - ❖ Injection efficiency improvement for both of bunches
  - ❖ Suppression of emittance growth with orbit offset in linac
  - ❖ Reduction of beam loss due to orbit difference
- Requirements for the linac fast kicker
  - ❖ pulse rise time < bunch interval (96 ns)
  - ❖ sufficient kick angle ~ 0.4 mrad @1.5 GeV  
BL =  $2.0 \times 10^{-3}$  T.m



# Ceramic chamber type Fast Kicker



C. Mitsuda



- **CCiPM** : **Ceramics Chamber with integrated Pulsed Magnet**
- **Magnetic field** type kicker
- This kicker has **four parallel coil wires**.
- The current configuration described above (parallel and anti-parallel currents) generates horizontal **dipole magnetic field**, (vertical beam kick).

# Pulse power supply for fast kicker

- Characteristics of pulse power supply
  - ❖ SiC FET high-voltage switch  
(supplied by Nexfi company)
  - ❖ pulse rise time  $< 96$  ns  
to kick only 2<sup>nd</sup> bunch
  - ❖ max current 1000 A
  - ❖ mac voltage 20 kV
  - ❖ precise timing control  
for kick angle fine tuning
  - ❖ switch module installed in the tunnel  
close to kicker magnet  
(needs thick radiation shield)

Y. Enomoto, T. Natsui, Y. Okayasu

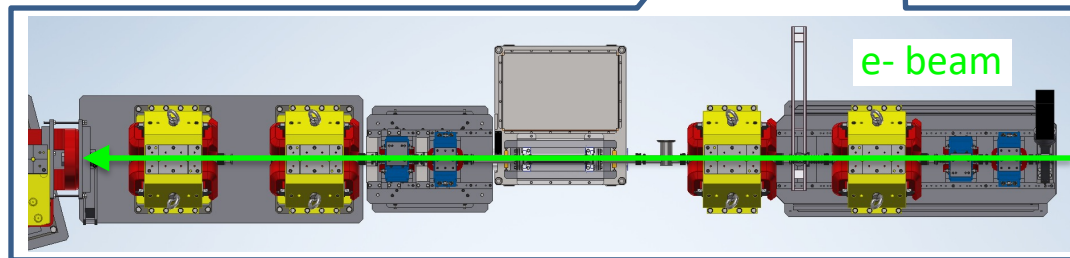
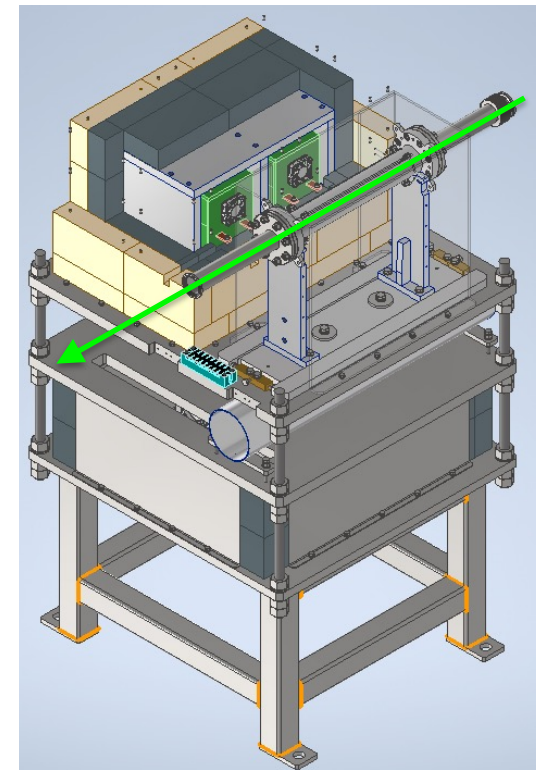
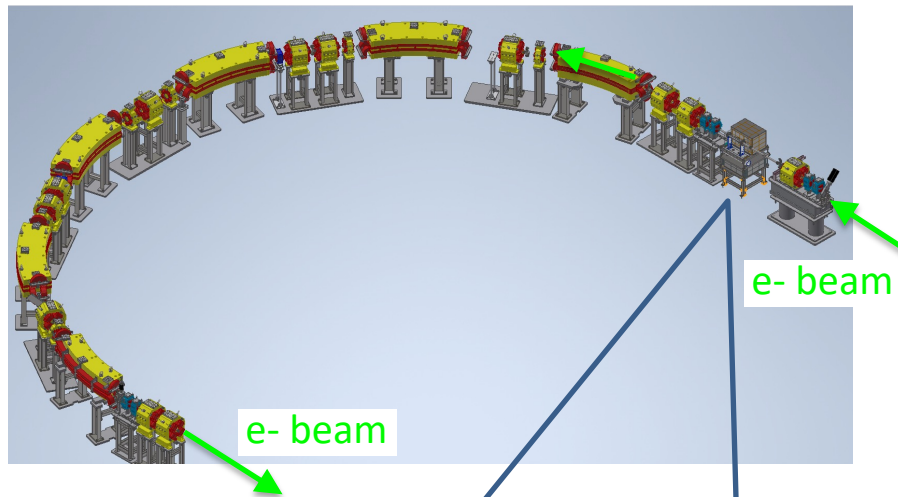


first prototype  
pulse power supply  
at test stand

# Fast Kicker Installation

- The first prototype of ceramic chamber type fast kicker has been installed in summer of 2022 in J-arc.
- Stand-alone operation test and beam-kick test in this winter.

Y. Okayasu



- Next two kickers will be installed at linac Sector-4 and 5 in summer of 2023 for the operation after LS1

# Summary & schedule

- Linac status & recent improvements
  - ❖ Linac stably injects e-/e+ beams to HER, LER, PF & AR.
  - ❖ [1] e- beam intensity recovered by RF-gun [laser window replacement](#)
  - ❖ [2] e+ bunch orbit difference compensated with [fast strip line kicker](#)
- Linac upgrade items during LS1
  - ❖ [1] Installation of [8 pulsed quads at J-arc](#) matching section  
for independent optics matching for each mode (summer of 2023)
  - ❖ [2] Installation of [4 pulsed quads at Sector-1, 2](#)  
for e- beam betatron function reduction (summer of 2023)
  - ❖ [3] Installation of [ceramic chamber type fast kicker](#)  
for 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> bunch orbit difference tuning  
first prototype (installed in summer of 2022),  
operation test (this winter)  
2<sup>nd</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup> model (summer of 2023)