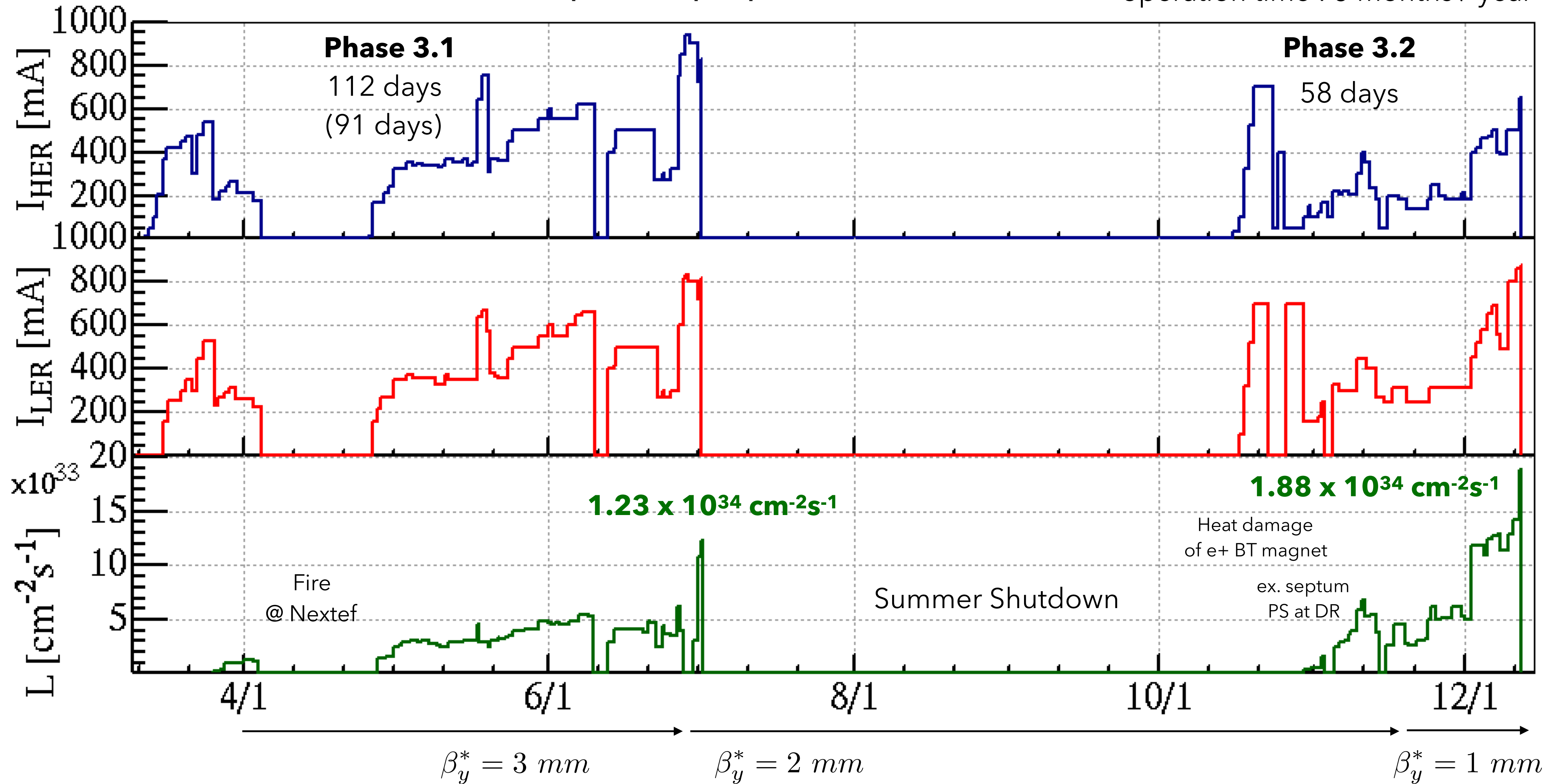


Status of SuperKEKB and Plan of Spring Run 2020 (2020a+2020b or 2020ab ?)

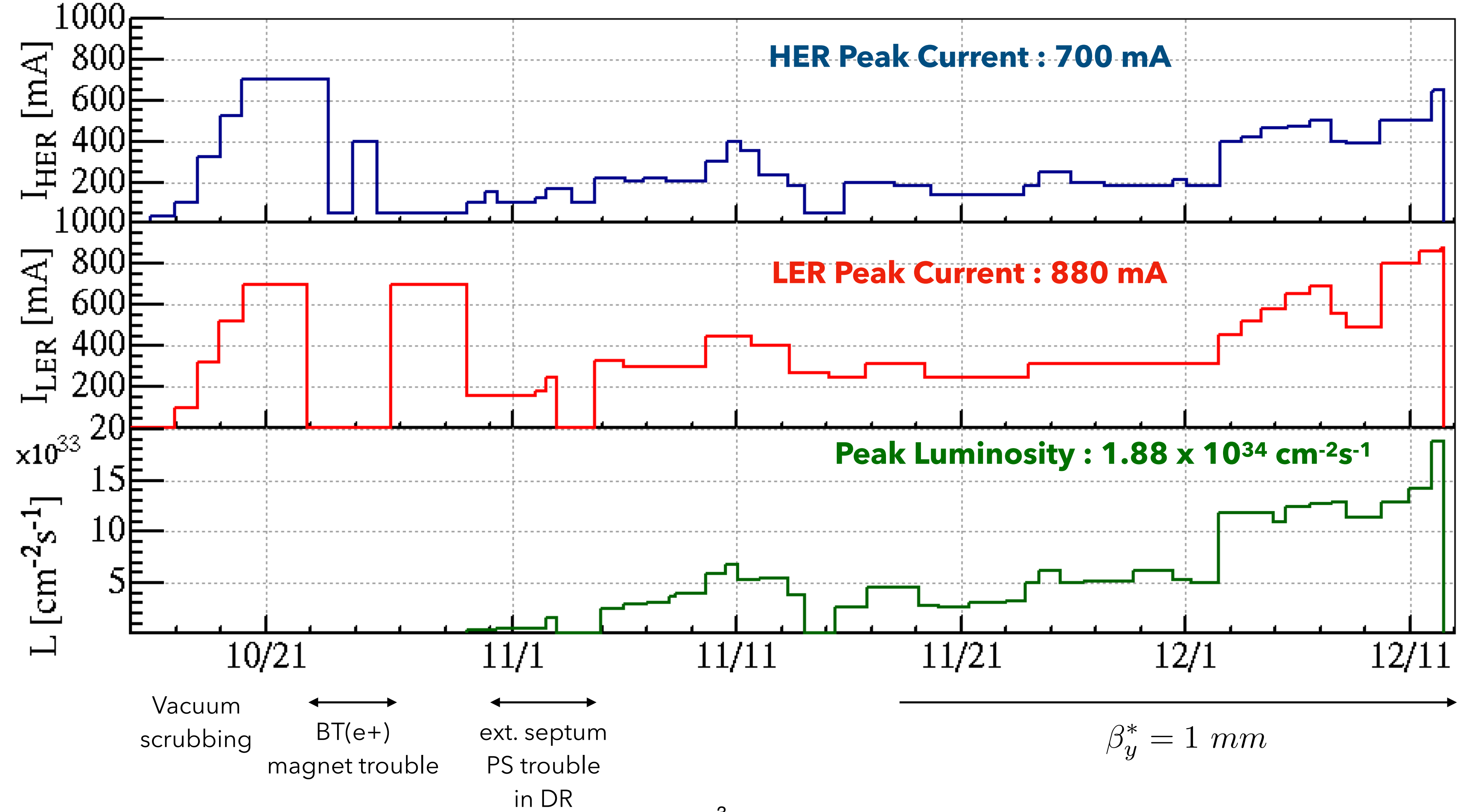
Y. Ohnishi

3/11 - 12/12, 2019 in Phase 3

operation time : 5 months / year

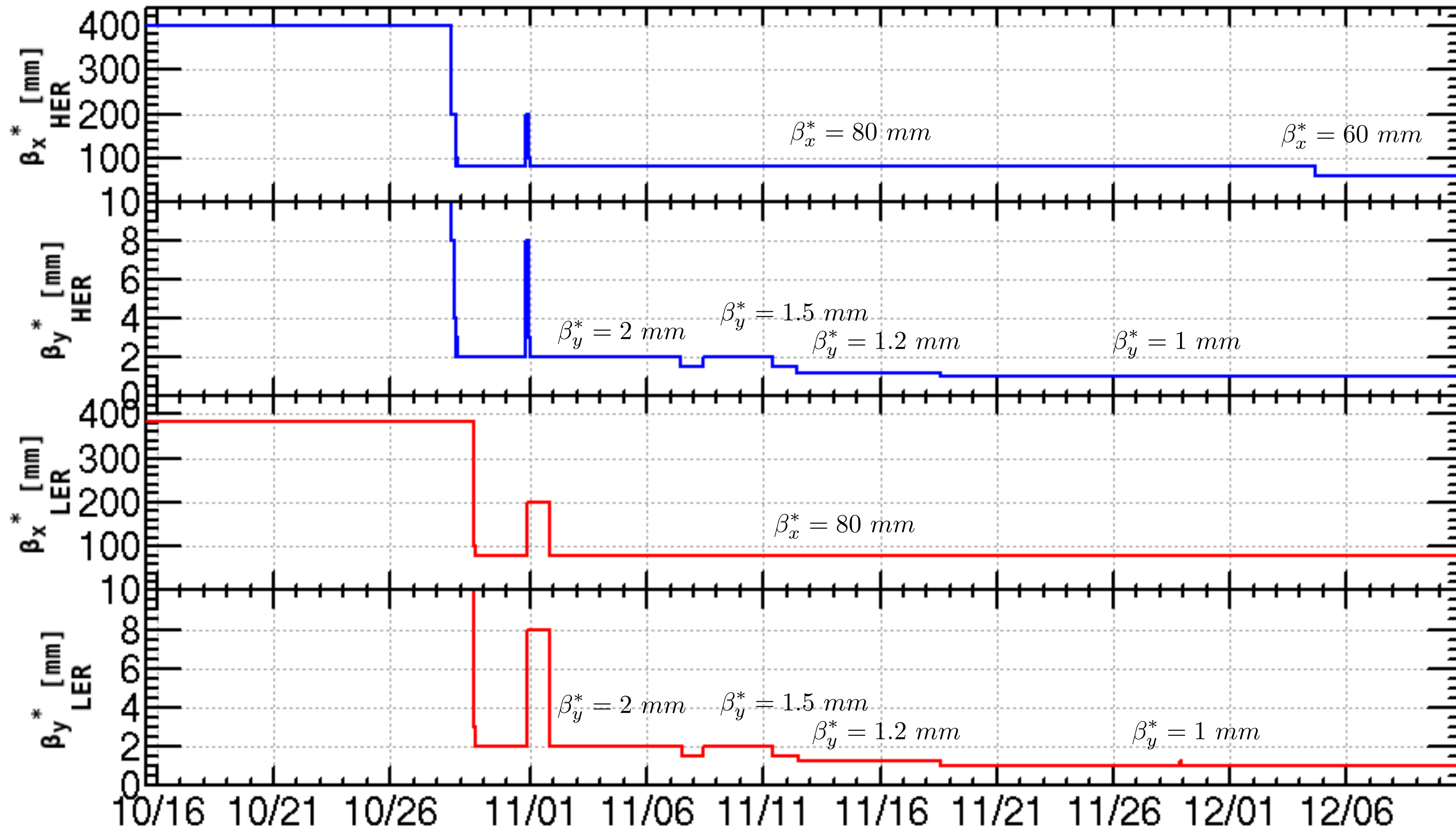


10/15 - 12/12, 2019 in Phase 3.2



The smallest β_y^* in the world for e^+e^- colliders

Oct.15 - Dec.12, 2019



General formula:

$$L = \frac{N_+ N_- n_b f_0}{2\pi \Sigma_x^* \Sigma_y^*}$$

$$= \frac{N_+ N_- n_b f_0}{2\pi \phi_x \sqrt{\sigma_{z+}^2 + \sigma_{z-}^2} \sqrt{\varepsilon_{y+} \beta_{y+}^* + \varepsilon_{y-} \beta_{y-}^*}}$$

Vertical emittance should be small.
X-Y couplings and vertical dispersion affect the vertical emittance.

$$\Sigma_x^* = \sqrt{\sigma_{x+}^{*2} + \sigma_{z+}^2 \tan^2 \phi_x + \sigma_{x-}^{*2} + \sigma_{z-}^2 \tan^2 \phi_x}$$

$$= \sqrt{\sigma_{x+}^{*2} (1 + \Psi_+^2) + \sigma_{x-}^{*2} (1 + \Psi_-^2)}$$

$$\simeq \phi_x \sqrt{\sigma_{z+}^2 + \sigma_{z-}^2}$$

$$\Psi_{\pm} = \frac{\sigma_{z\pm}}{\sigma_{x\pm}^*} \tan \phi_x$$

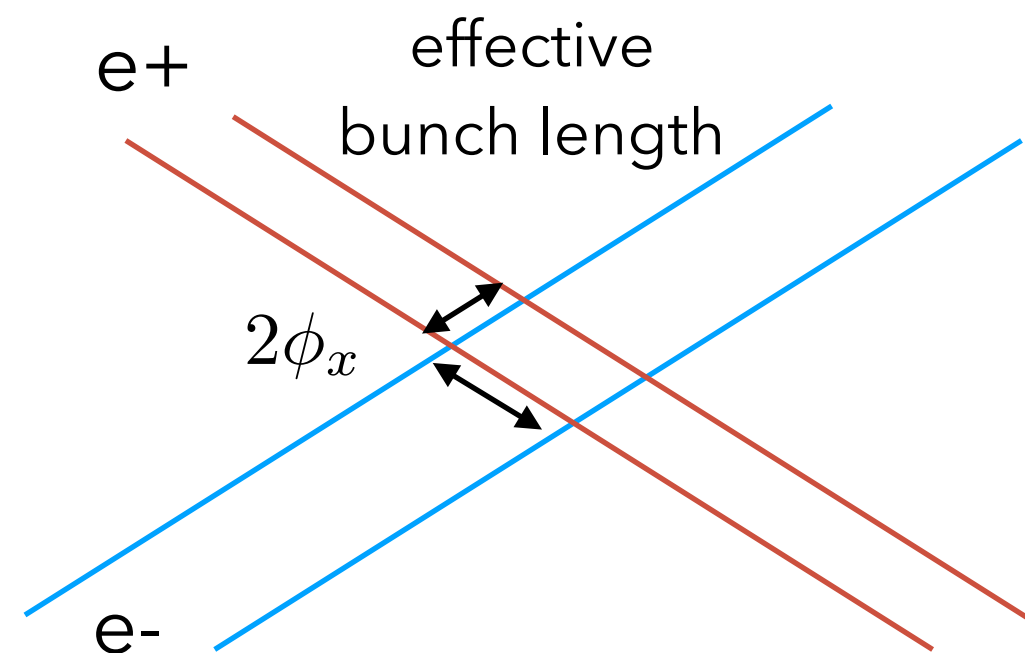
Nano-beam scheme Piwinski angle: $\Psi_{\pm} \simeq 18 \gg 1$

Bunch lengthening should be small.
For instance, impedance affects bunch lengthening.

To avoid **hourglass effect**:

$$\beta_y^* > \tilde{\sigma}_z = \frac{\sigma_x^*}{\phi_x} = \frac{\sigma_z}{\Psi}$$

$$\sigma_x^* = \sqrt{\varepsilon_x \beta_x^*}$$



Horizontal emittance : $\varepsilon_{x+} = 2 \text{ nm}$
 $\varepsilon_{x-} = 4.6 \text{ nm}$

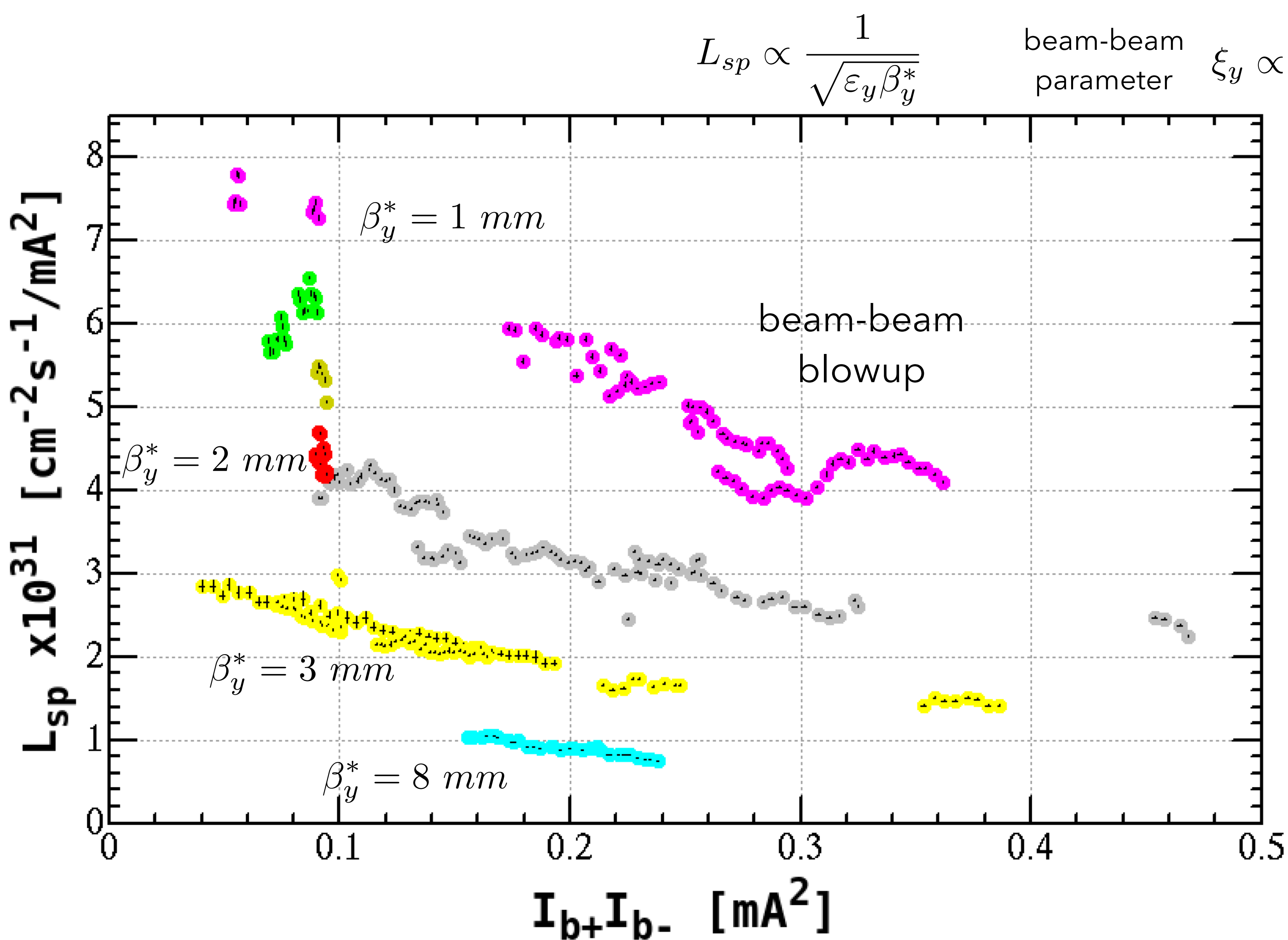
$\beta_{x+}^* = 80 \text{ mm} / \beta_{x-}^* = 60 \text{ mm}$ $\tilde{\sigma}_{z+} = 305 \text{ } \mu\text{m} / \tilde{\sigma}_{z-} = 400 \text{ } \mu\text{m}$

Definition of specific luminosity

$$L_{sp} = \frac{L}{I_{b+} I_{b-} n_b}$$

Definition of beam-beam parameter (here)

$$\xi_{y\pm} = \frac{2er_e \beta_{y\pm}^* L}{\gamma_{\pm} I_{\pm}}$$

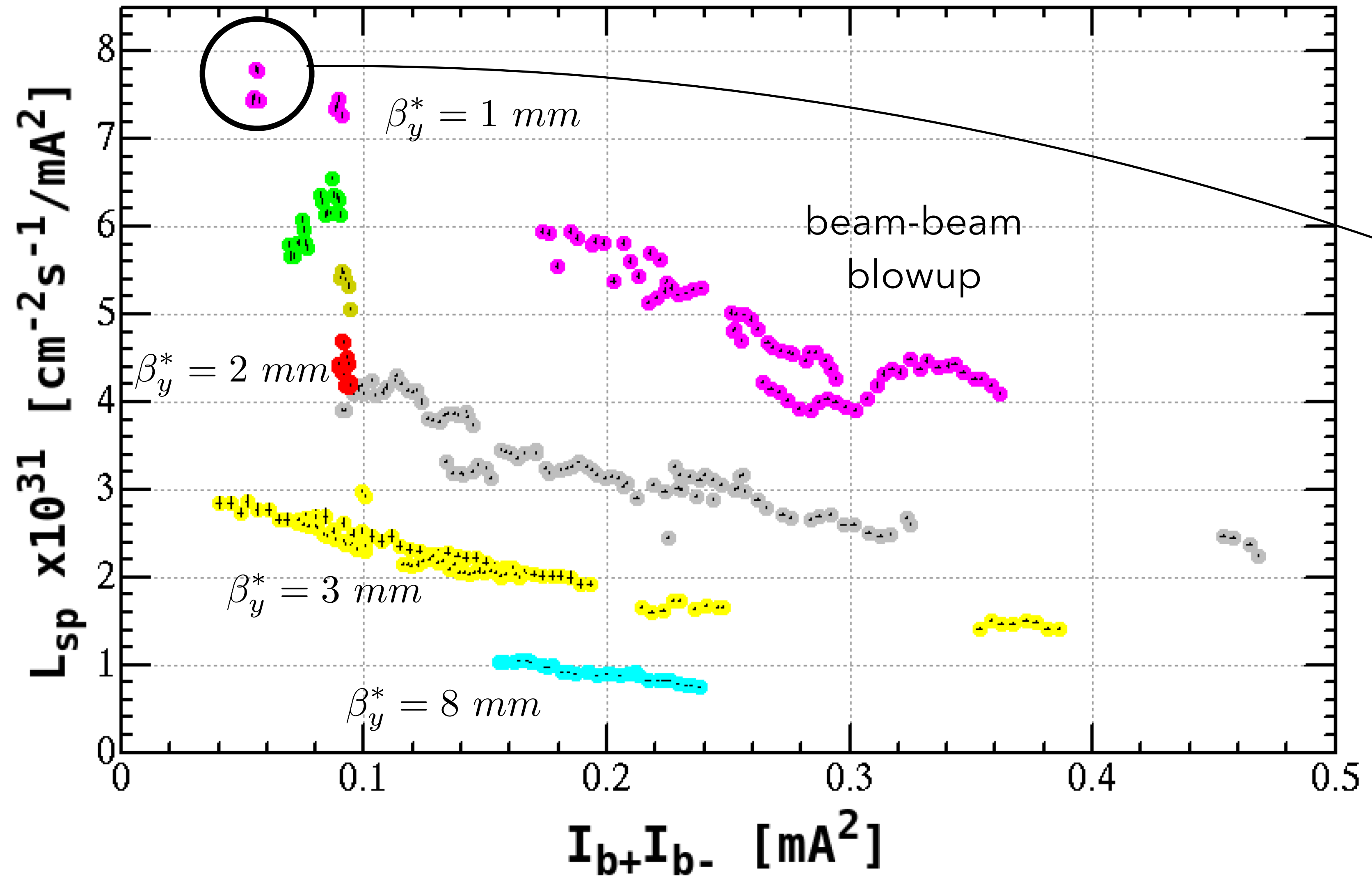


design	LER	HER	
ϵ_y / ϵ_x	0.27	0.28	%
ϵ_y	8.6	13	pm
β_y^*	0.27	0.3	mm
β_y^* / ϵ_y	3.1×10^7	2.3×10^7	
σ_y^*	0.05	0.06	μm

We can squeeze β_y^* down to 0.6 mm with the same vertical emittance.

250 mA / 140 mA (nb : 783)
 $L = 3.45 \times 10^{33}$

$$L_{sp} \propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_y \beta_y^*}} \quad \text{beam-beam parameter} \quad \xi_y \propto \sqrt{\frac{\beta_y^*}{\epsilon_y}}$$



2019c	LER	HER	
ϵ_y / ϵ_x	1.0	0.7	%
ϵ_y	20	32	pm
β_y^*	1	1	mm
β_y^* / ϵ_y	5×10^7	3.1×10^7	
σ_y^*	0.14	0.18	μm

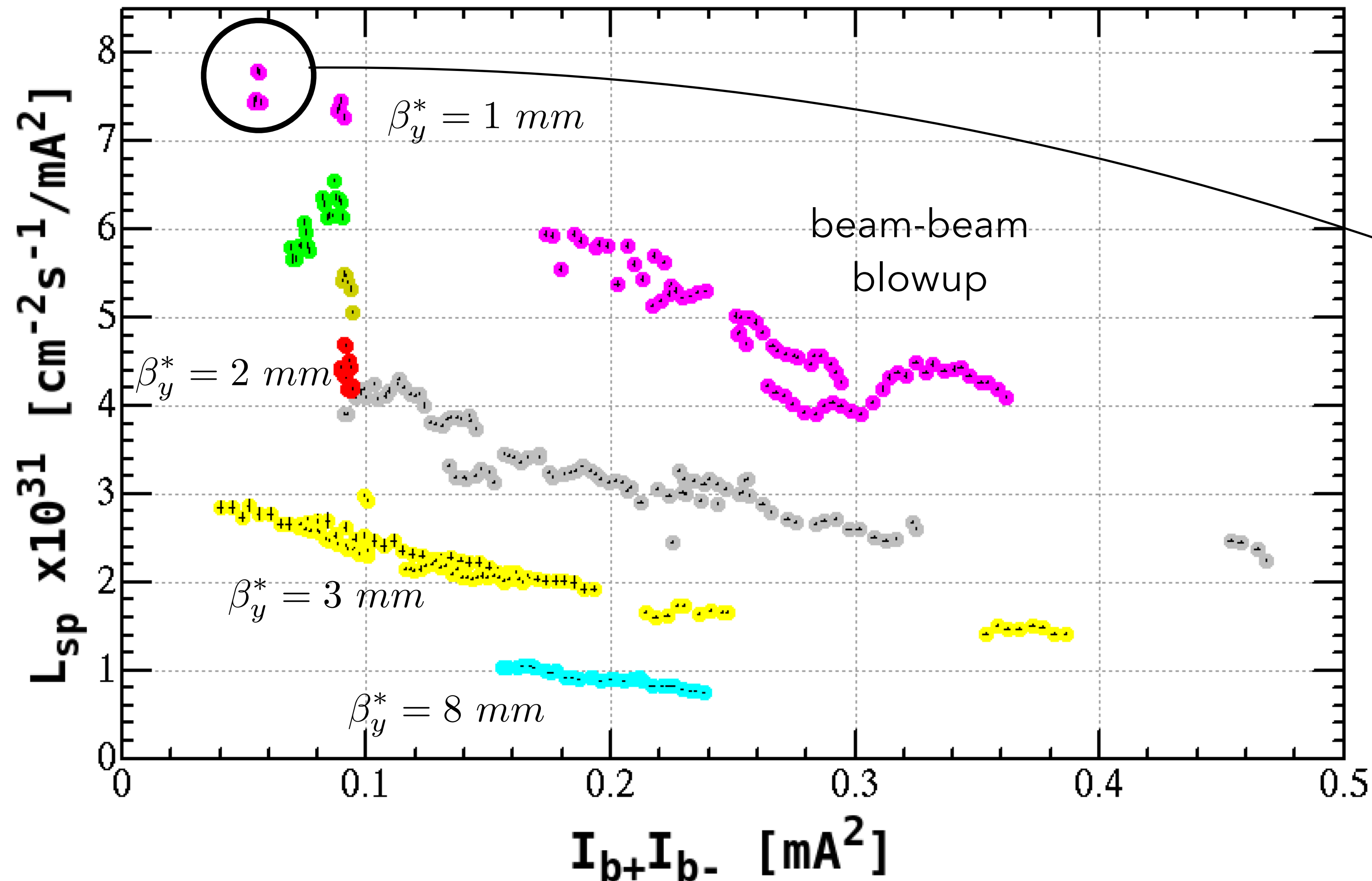
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OK at lower bunch current



2019c	LER	HER	
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ϵ_y	20	32	pm
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We can squeeze β_y^* down to 0.6 mm with the same vertical emittance.

What limits luminosity performance at higher bunch current ?

What is a source of beam-beam blowup ?

Large Piwinski angle is problem ?

Chromatic X-Y couplings at IP ? ← X-Y couplings at IR

Interference between lattice nonlinearity and beam-beam ?

Higher bunch current product $> 0.3 \text{ mA}^2$

stored beam and injected beam



injection error (kickers)

misalignment of kickers

beam lifetime

beam tails

betatron tunes

collimators



injection error (septum, kickers)

misalignment of kickers

emittance (horizontal/vertical)

energy and energy spread

betatron tunes

collimators

X-Y couplings

Issues of Machine Operation

A. Luminosity Performance

1. X-Y coupling and chromatic X-Y coupling

- Correction scheme of X-Y couplings both local and global.
- X-Y coupling at IP and Y-LCC (source of chromatic X-Y couplings)

2. Injection

- Stability of bunch charge and small emittance
- 2-bunch injection operation (bunch charge equalization)
- Orbit stability of injected beams (Linac and BT)

3. Unstable for higher bunch current due to Beam-Beam: $I_+ I_- > 0.3 \text{ mA}^2$

4. Horizontal beta squeezing in HER (down to 60 mm)

- Synchrotron radiation on PXD
- Adjustment of horizontal angle at IP affects horizontal dispersion. (Need to correct)

X-Y coupling affects both injection and BG.



B. Belle II Beam Background

- Injection background in LER (spikes, long-time consecutive background)

We keep $\beta_y^* = 1$ mm as the baseline.

Number of bunches is 783 or 1565 for physics run.

Startup and Machine study for 3 weeks in Match

Physics run is for about 100 days.

Target : Average luminosity for physics run is more than $1.8 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$.

Make veto dead time less than 5 %.

New additional vertical collimator in LER (D06V1)

3 vertical collimators in total (D02V1, D06V1, D06V2)

We expect detector background can be reduced in LER.

Crab waist in LER

Preparation for HER is on-going.

We expect improvement of luminosity performance and reduce beam-tails (a part of BG source)

February 25 - March 2

LER operation only (17 shifts)

Vacuum scrubbing (10 shifts x 0.5 A x 8h = 40 Ah)

Study of X-Y coupling in LER (2 shifts)

Study of injection background in LER (2 shifts)

Crab waist at LER single beam (2 shifts)

Others (1 shift)

March 2 - March 22 (March 12 : maintenance, March 20 : Power limit < 50 MW)

LER/HER startup, machine study, physics run (58 shifts)

Hardware check and BPM calibration (2 shifts)

Correction of horizontal dispersions in HER (3 shifts)

Study of X-Y coupling in LER/HER (6 shifts)

Study of injection background (10 shifts)

Crab waist with collision (10 shifts)

Physics run (21 shift) The owl shift is dedicated to physics run or background study.

Others (6 shifts)

March 23 - July 1 (100 days)

Physics run (300 shifts includes maintenance+ α :14 shifts)

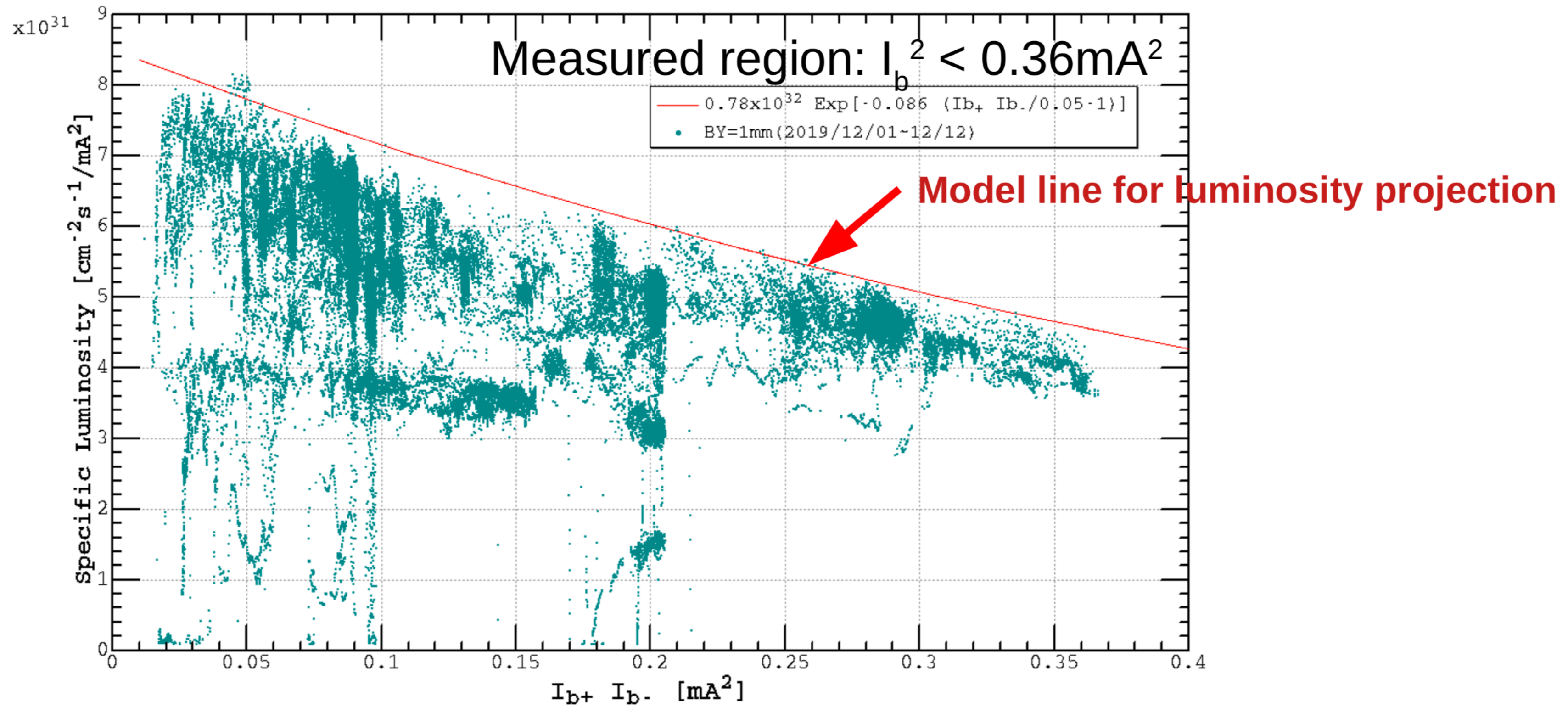
Machine study (average : 3 shifts per week)

linac study is included.

Conservative estimation

A. Morita
SuperKEKB WS

Bunch current product dependency of L_{sp} @ $\beta_y^* = 1\text{mm}$ collision



Conservative estimation

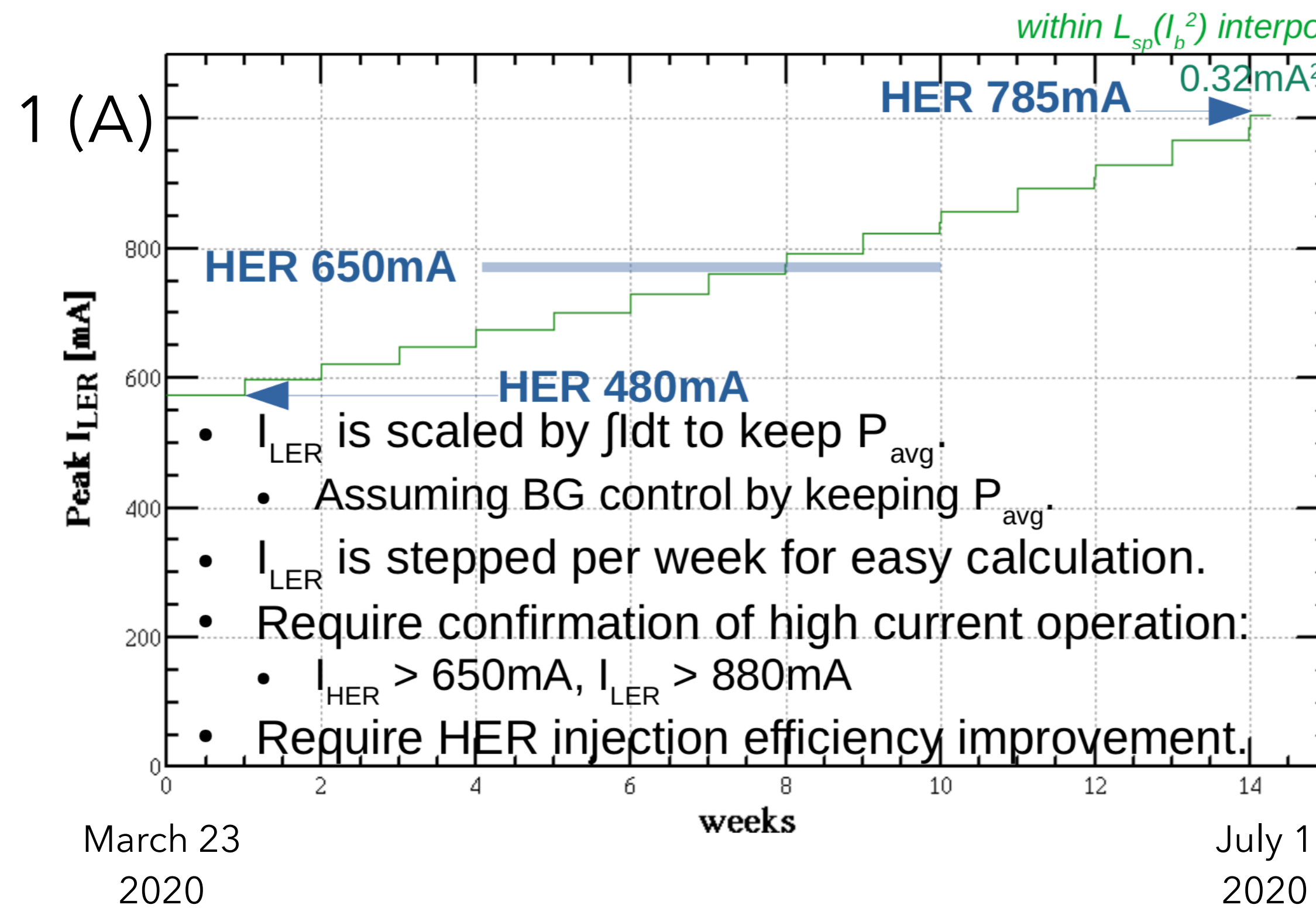
A. Morita

SuperKEKB WS

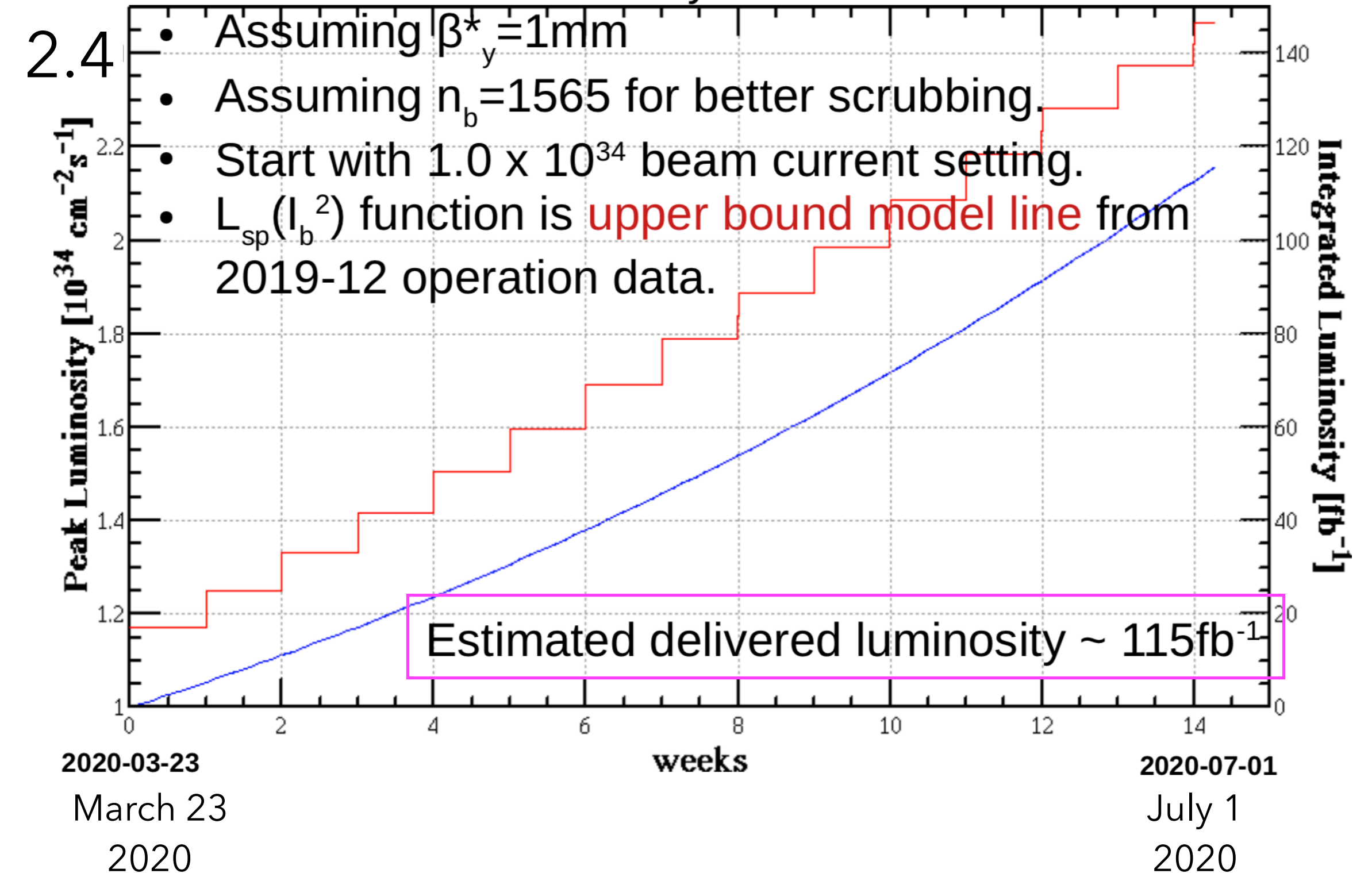
Estimation based on 2019-12 operation performance.

- **No extra beam-beam performance improvement is taken into account.**
- **No machine study time is taken into account.**
- **Vacuum pressure assumed to be constant.**

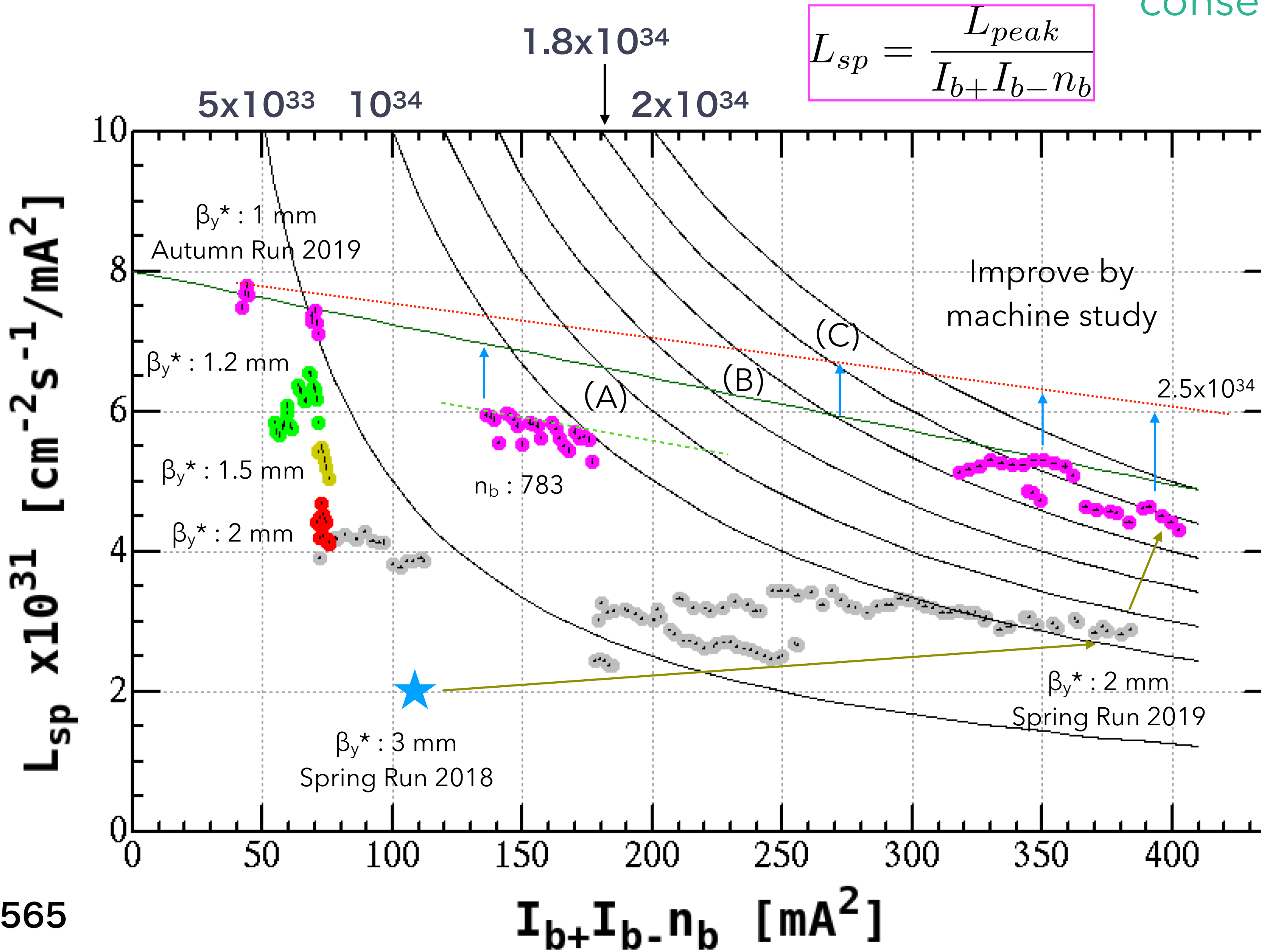
- Integral efficiency **76%**
 - Excluding Linac study & Maintenance **89%**
 - Machine availability **85%**



- I_{LER} is scaled by $\int I dt$ to keep P_{avg} .
- Assuming BG control by keeping P_{avg} .
- I_{LER} is stepped per week for easy calculation.
- Require confirmation of high current operation:
 - $I_{HER} > 650mA$, $I_{LER} > 880mA$
- Require HER injection efficiency improvement.



conservative initial parameters



$$L_{sp} = \frac{L_{peak}}{I_{b+} I_{b-} n_b}$$

- (A)
 LER : 700 mA
 HER : 400 mA
 n_b : 1565
 I_{b+} : 0.44 mA
 I_{b-} : 0.25 mA
 $I_{b+} I_{b-} n_b$: 180 mA²
 L : 1.2 x 10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹
- (B)
 LER : 500 mA
 HER : 370 mA
 n_b : 783
 I_{b+} : 0.64 mA
 I_{b-} : 0.47 mA
 $I_{b+} I_{b-} n_b$: 236 mA²
 L : 1.46 x 10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹
 (achieved: 1.19 x 10³⁴ cm⁻²s⁻¹)

$n_b = 783 / 1565$

**If everything works well,
physics run with $2.5 \times 10^{34} \text{ cm}^{-2}\text{s}^{-1}$
can be done at the next operation.**